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ALASTRIM.

By W. C. Rucker, Surgeon, United States Public Health Service; Chief Quarantine Officer, Panama Canal.

INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

An epidemic disease called "alastrim" was reported in the Caribbean littoral, Canada, and England during 1920. The importance of this disease from a quarantine standpoint has led to the compilation of this article. Acknowledgment is made to Castellani and Chalmers, whose Third Edition of their Manual of Tropical Medicine has been freely consulted; to the Kingston (Jamaica) Board of Health, whose circular on alastrim has been used in the preparation of this article; and to Prof. W. G. McCallum, of Johns Hopkins University, whose personal letter has been liberally used. It should be borne in mind that while alastrim, from a scientific viewpoint, may possibly be a separate disease entity, it has all the public health aspects of smallpox and, in the present state of our knowledge of its exact classification, should always be reported and combated as smallpox.

Synonyms.—Varioloid-varicella, amaas, Kaffir milk-pox, Sanaga smallpox, West Indian modified smallpox, pseudo smallpox, weisse pocken.

Definition.—An acute febrile, easily communicable disease, closely resembling smallpox, as a mitigated aberrant form of which, from a public health standpoint, it must be regarded.

Etiology.—The causative agent is not proved. Guarnieri bodies (Cytoryctes variolæ) have been described in pus from the lesions and in smears made from corneal lesions of rabbits, 60 hours after inoculation with this pus. With dark-field illumination, McCallum found "particles resembling exactly Prowazek's bodies, and these were also found in the Berkefeld filtrates."

The disease is very infectious to man; both sexes and all ages are attacked. No racial immunity has been observed. The disease is found in the West Indies, South and Central America, South Africa, the Mediterranean area, and, more recently, in Great Britain. It is probable that the so-called "Cuban itch" and "Philippine itch" observed after the War with Spain, the mild form of smallpox

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prevalent in America, and alastrim are identical. The disease is highly contagious, its causal organism being spread by both direct and indirect vection. Certain observers believe that the disease is largely spread by the air; but when the enormous number of daily contacts with fellow man is considered, the assumption of this theory to account for the rapid spread and persistence of the disease seems scarcely warranted. Overcrowding and all those things which favor the interchange of human secretions and excretions help to spread the disease. The exact classification of alastrim is still the subject of considerable discussion. It may be, and probably is, merely a mitigated form of smallpox, which, in an environment of low racial immunity, incomplete vaccination, or lowered vitality, might regain its lost virulence. It may be that the parasite is a separate species of the parent type.

The facts that the disease may occur rarely after recent successful vaccination, that more often vaccination may be successful after a prior attack of the disease, and that two attacks of the disease may rarely occur in the same person, are true of both "alastrim" and classical smallpox. The infectious agent probably is resident in the nasal and buccal secretions from a very early stage. The dried crusts and desquamated epithelium are also believed to act as vehicles of transmission. In the absence of definite knowledge of the causative agent and its portals of entry and exit to and from the human body, the prevention and eradication of the disease must be approached on the regular lines of a smallpox campaign. Smallpox, in the language of Sydenham, "has its peculiar kinds, which take one form during one series of years, and another during another." One attack of alastrim seems to confer lasting immunity.

Pathology.—Since the mortality from alastrim is very low, 0.5 to 1 per cent, little is known of the post-mortem pathology of the disease. At necropsy, in addition to the surface distribution of the pocks, pustules are seen on the palate, in the fauces, throughout the trachea, and into the bronchi. When the rash is very heavy, a marked subcutaneous edema is seen. This may be so intense as to completely close the eyes. The eruption first appears as papules, which become yellowish pustules and scabs. Desquamation is followed by little scarring, but by considerable pigmentation. In severe cases, trauma by scratching may produce denuded skin areas. Boils sometimes occur, and there may be slight alopecia.

Symptoms.—After an incubation period averaging 14 days, during which prodromal symptoms are rare, the disease is ushered in with malaise, fever (100° to 103° F.), generally accompanied by vomiting, mild headache and backache, and constipation. These symptoms are rarely severe and are suggestive of a mild gastric upset. The patient may vomit but once and the muscle and bone pains may be

so mild as to be disclosed to the examiner only by close questioning. The pains may, however, be generalized as in the initial stages of There may be a prodromal urticarial or measly rash.

The eruption occurs usually on the third day (occasionally as early as the second, or as late as the fifth day) as a few widely scattered, minute, red seed-like papules on the forehead, face, and forearm. Sometimes they are, even in the beginning, very numerous over the face and very small, being so closely set as to give to the skin of the forehead the texture of fine shark-skin. Usually the eruption at first resembles acne, but later more closely resembles smallpox or chicken pox. Successive crops appear on the abdomen, back, extremities, and face. Coincident with the appearance of the eruption, the temperature falls and the patient feels practically well until maturation takes place, with consequent skin tension and pain, particularly where the skin is thick, as in the palms and soles. Secondary fever does not often occur.

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The eruption itself is not hard or shotty. In black skins, the papules appear slightly translucent. On the chest they are nearly always discrete and widely separate at first; over the arms rather less In the earlier stage they are not umbilicated except in the rare instances when they form about a hair. On the second or third day of the eruption they become unilocular vesicles, which contain a limpid, somewhat glutinous, fluid. The vesicles do not umbilicate. They become sharply defined, glistening, tense, bulging pustules surrounded by a red areola on the fifth (sometimes the sixth or seventh) day of the eruption. Usually they remain discrete, but in the more severe cases they may become confluent. In the late stages. after maturity, umbilication may occur when the pus has been discharged or inspissated. Drying and crusting usually begins on the sixth or seventh day, proceeds rapidly, and, except in the more severe cases, desquamation of the face is complete by the tenth or twelfth day after the beginning of the eruption. Sometimes some of the pocks never become pustular but start to dry in the vesicular stage, especially if they have been injured. In many cases the pus never advances to the stage of being thick and yellow. The drying begins on the face and then on the upper arms, chest, back, forearms, and legs about in order named. The roofs of the pustules sink, and the whole dries into a crust which ultimately may be rubbed off, leaving an area of central pigment atrophy, a thin line of scurfy epithelium and a wider zone of deep purplish pigmentation. This pigmentation may persist for several months, but the skin is smooth, with scarcely a trace of pitting or scarring.

The eruption is distributed much as it is in classical smallpox. The face and scalp are always attacked. Vesicles may be seen on the hard and soft palate and the fauces of the more severe cases.

produces pains in the throat and enlargement of the glands at the angle of the jaw. Lesions have been observed on the eyelids, but not upon the conjunctiva. They occur on the lips and nostrils and over the nose and cheeks, the intervening skin frequently being so edematous as to be tightly stretched, the pocks looking as though they were stretched out upon a red drumhead. The eruption occurs on the extremities, the chest, and the upper part of the back. A few pocks

can generally be found on the palms and soles.

Throughout its course the disease is exceedingly mild, and, except for the pains of onset and maturation, the patient experiences relatively little discomfort. There is no delirium, and patients are not really very ill and retain their appetites. Pocks in the hard skin of the palms and soles are painful. There is no itching, but rather a burning skin sensation which may interfere with the patient's sleeping. Patients rarely complain of the feeling of skin tension. With the extreme development of the pocks they seem mechanically disabled. They lie quietly in bed, rather depressed mentally, and very unwilling to move. As the pocks become dry and inspissated, the patients lose the depression and move about freely. Usually the progress of the disease is uneventful, without complications or sequelse.

Diagnosis.—From the viewpoint of public health, "alastrim" should always be diagnosed and reported as smallpox. The gentleness of the stages of invasion and eruption, the absence or vagueness of the umbilication, and the general absence of destructive processes are all indicative of alastrim. The mildness of alastrim, even in an extensive epidemic, is distinctive. In a warm climate, at least, "alastrim" runs true to form and does not seem to increase in virulence. Epidemics of the classical form of smallpox or of chicken pox may occur simultaneously with "alastrim" and might tend to obscure the diagnosis, but the mildness of the attack and absence of umbilication and pitting in alastrim distinguish it from classical smallpox, while the occurrence of pustules differentiates it from chicken pox.

Prognosis.—The mortality from alastrim is surprisingly low. The disease is more severe in the unvaccinated and debilitated, and most of the deaths occur in pregnant women and very weak infants. Economically, it is important by reason of the rapidity of its spread and the temporary disablement of large numbers of persons.

Treatment.—This is symptomatic and hygienic. Isolation in hospital, suitable nursing, cleanliness, the relief of the early constipation, the evacuation of the contents of the pustules, which aids greatly in their heading and disappearance, the use of alkaline mouth washes and gargles, and the vaccination of all exposed persons and the general public, are the chief indications.

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EDITOR'S NOTE.—Leake and Force, of the United States Public Health Service, in their studies on the immunological relationship of alastrim (1921), inoculated monkeys and rabbits, using crusts and pustule contents from alastrim patients in Jamaica and Haiti. They summarized the results of their experiments as follows:

A vesico-papular eruption was produced in monkeys by inoculation both with crusts and with vesicle contents from alastrim patients. The animals were protected against reinoculation with alastrim and vaccine virus. Rabbits inoculated with alastrim showed no eruption, but were almost completely immune to vaccine virus. Rabbits previously inoculated with vaccine virus gave positive intracutaneous reactions to smallpox crusts, alastrim material, and vaccine virus, but remained negative to chicken pox crusts.

The fact that definite immunity to vaccinia is produced by previous inoculations with alastrim is additional evidence of the essential identity of alastrim with smallpox. (Reprint No. 669 from the Public Health Reports, June 24, 1921, pp. 1437-1443.)

ARSENIC AS A LARVICIDE FOR ANOPHELINE LARVÆ.

By M. A. BARBER, Special Expert, and T. B. HAYNE, Technical Assistant, United States Public Health Service, 1

Roubaud ² has successfully used trioxymethylene, or paraformaldehyde, in poisoning anopheline larvæ. This powder, undiluted or mixed with some inert dust, is simply strewn on the surface of the water, where it is eaten by the larvæ. The poison acts on the nervous system of the insect, causing paralysis, and when eaten in sufficient quantity causes death within a few minutes. It is said to be harmless to any animal, aquatic or otherwise, except the surface-feeding anopheline larvæ. A sublethal dose is said by the author to confer on anopheline larvæ a degree of resistance to a subsequent dose.

We have confirmed the work of Roubaud to the extent that we have found trioxymethylene very toxic to anopheline larvæ, both in laboratory and in field tests. It seemed worth while, however, to extend this line of investigation and to search for some substance cheaper and more poisonous to the larvæ than trioxymethylene; since the use of a fine powder which acts through ingestion would seem to be a very promising measure against anopheline larvæ. These larvæ lie at the surface of the water, and in feeding turn the head halfway around into such a position that the feeding brushes carry to the mouth any particles lying on the surface-tension layer of the water. The larvæ swallow all floating substances that are small enough to

Some of the later experiments in this work were done by Assistant Sanitary Engineer W. H. W. Komp.
 Roubaud, E.: Compt. Rend. des Séances de l'Acad. des Sci. Vol. 171, 1920, p. 51. Ibid., Vol. 170, 1920, p. 1521.

enter the mouth easily, and are quite indifferent as to whether these are food or poison. No bait of any kind is required to make these larvæ eat anything that is offered them.

Moreover, poisons in the form of a fine powder are very conveniently distributed. The surface-tension layer of the water affords a convenient support for the powder, whether it be heavier than water or not, and the floating particles are further distributed by currents of air after they reach the water. Again, the insect, in feeding, draws to it particles lying at some distance from the head.

After a trial of a considerable number of substances, we found compounds containing arsenic most promising, and of these, Paris green

has proved most efficient.

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS.

A laboratory test was devised by which the toxicity of a substance for anopheline larvæ could be quantitatively measured. The powder to be tested was strewn lightly upon the surface of water in a Petri or other convenient dish, a larva was pipetted into this dish, and the time when the particles of powder began to be swept into the mouth was observed carefully under a hand lens. At the close of any desired feeding period, the feeding time being reckoned by the number of seconds during which particles were entering the mouth, the larva was pipetted out, washed in two waters in order to free it from any adhering poison, and then deposited in a second dish for subsequent observation. A number of larvæ were thus fed on the substance to be tested, and the length of time of survival and the proportion surviving after a given dose gave a rough estimate of the toxicity of the substance. Highly soluble substances were mixed with pollen or some other inert powder before testing. In case we desired to ascertain the time of survival after the maximum dose merely, a number of larvæ were placed in a dish, the poison was strewn over them, and the time of survival of each larva was noted. In most of our experiments the size of the larvæ and the temperature of the water were also noted.

A large series of laboratory experiments was carried out in which a number of substances were compared, including several of the commoner arsenic-containing compounds. One or two protocols, given in brief, will illustrate the method and results of these experiments.

Ten anopheline larvæ, the size of which varied from one-quarter grown to full-grown, were fed on trioxymethylene, and nine similar larvæ on Paris green, the dosage varying from "minimum"—that is, the ingestion, or apparent ingestion, of one or two particles—to a dose represented by three seconds' feeding. Of the larvæ fed on

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trioxymethylene none was dead 16 hours after feeding, while 4 of the 9 fed on Paris green were dead within 3 hours, and a fifth in less than 5 hours. Since one could not always be sure that a larva taking the "minimum" dose had really swallowed the poison, the experiment was repeated, allowing doses of 3 to 5 seconds. Of 12 fed on Paris green 11 died within periods varying from 85 to 103 minutes, while of 12 fed on a similar dose of trioxymethylene 6 survived at least 4½ hours. The 6 of this lot which died, however, showed a shorter average time of survival than that of the 11 which succumbed to Paris green; 62.5 minutes was the average survival time of the trioxymethylene and 90.7 of the Paris green.

In another series trioxymethylene, lead arsenate, and Paris green were compared, the dosage of the first two poisons varying from 4 to 15 seconds and that of the Paris green from 2 to 10 seconds. All of the larvæ fed on the trioxymethylene, 4 in number, died in less than 1 hour; of the Paris green series 9 out of 10 died within less than 2 hours and the tenth after about 7 hours; of the lead-arsenate

series practically all survived until the next day or later.

As is illustrated by the two protocols given above, the Paris green did not always cause a more rapid death than trioxymethylene, but the proportion surviving after a very small dose was always less in the case of Paris green than with any other poison tested, a point of considerable weight in favor of Paris green as a practical larvicide, since it is not always possible to give the larger doses when treating a pond or stream.

The extreme sensitiveness of anopheline larvæ to Paris green was impressed on us by several laboratory accidents in which the very slight amount of powder accidentally thrown into the air during the process of mixing or measuring the poison caused a high mortality

among larvæ kept in the stock pans on the same table.

Paris green freed from the water-soluble portion by long treatment with water was still poisonous for larvæ, so it is probable that certain of the digestive fluids of the larvæ act as solvents for the poison.

Lead arsenate and arsenic trioxide ("white arsenic") were both much inferior to Paris green as larvicides for anopheline larvæ, and powdered arsenopyrite seemed to be wholly inert. We have tested the calcium arsenate in common use for dusting cotton plants, both in the laboratory and in the field, and find it decidedly less effective than Paris green. We would not recommend its use in place of Paris green except in case of emergency. In one experiment we successfully treated about 1,200 square feet of Myriophyllum-covered water with about half a pound of calcium arsenate mixed with sand. In other field experiments where considerably less quantities were used the results were very unsatisfactory.

FIELD EXPERIMENTS.

In field experiments a sketch was usually made of the breeding place to be treated, and before treatment a number of dips were made with a definite sized dipper over different parts of this area, the location of the dips being approximately indicated on the sketch. In recording the anophelines present before and after treatment, the number of the pupe and the number and size of the larvæ were recorded, the sizes being usually designated as full, three-fourths, one-half, one-fourth, and small. The reexamination of the breeding place was usually done at least three and one-half hours after treatment, and often on the next day.

A protocol of a field experiment will illustrate the method and results: The breeding place was a pond covered with grass, the blades of which projected an inch or two above the surface of the The temperature of the water at the surface was 35.2° C. and at a depth of 25 centimeters (10 inches), 26° C. Approximately 370 square meters (4,000 square feet) were treated with 10 cubic centimeters of Paris green mixed with about a liter (quart) of fine sand. dust was thrown into the air by hand, the main distribution being effected by the wind. The sum of 31 dips over the whole area before treatment was as follows: Pupæ, 1; full-grown larvæ, 12; three-fourthsgrown larvæ, 3; half-grown larvæ, 7; one-fourth-grown larvæ, 16; small larvæ, 124; total, 163. About 24 hours after treatment the sum of 31 dips over the same area was as follows: Pupæ, 2; fullgrown larvæ, 0; three-fourths grown, 1; half grown, 0; one-fourth grown, 3; small, 6; total, 12. In this experiment the amount of poison used was very small, and the grass formed a barrier to its spread, but there was an almost complete destruction of the larger larvæ and over 95 per cent of the smaller ones. Other experiments have been done where the numbers of larvæ were much larger and the percentage destroyed was much higher, and in some experiments no survivors could be found.

The following kinds of breeding places have been successfully treated: Impounded water with larvæ protected by floating wood; cold water in a ditch immediately below a spring, the larvæ being protected by thick water cress; grass-covered ponds and those covered by Myriophyllum; ground below a spring and covered with a thin layer of water; wet pasture with breeding in cow tracks; an old ditch, the water of which was covered with duckweed and partly protected by overhanging weeds; various small pools without any particular covering. In small pools a few pinches of the diluted Paris green sufficed to destroy the larvæ. The species of anopheline apparently makes no difference as regards their resistance to this poison.

QUANTITY AND METHOD OF USE OF PARIS GREEN.

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Paris green in antianopheline work should be diluted with a large proportion of inert dust. Only very small doses are necessary to poison larvæ, and the dilution enables one to spread a relatively small quantity of the poison over a large surface. Further, any risk of poisoning the operator or the water treated is minimized by the use of the diluted dust. As a diluent we have successfully used fine sand, rotten wood dust, and road dust. Road dust, preferably mixed with some fine clay, seems to be as effective as any. addition of weight in the form of some coarser sand is helpful in enabling one to direct the dispersal of the lighter dust. Some of the diluting dust sinks on contact with the water, but most of the arsenic is left on the surface. Flowers of sulphur has not proved a suitable diluting dust, possibly because so large a proportion of it remains floating that it is ingested with the Paris green, which latter is then too much diluted. A dilution of about 1 part of the poison to 100 parts of the inert dust seems to be a favorable mixture.

The quantity of Paris green to be used must depend somewhat on the character of the breeding place. Where there is much high grass, reeds, and the like, one would use somewhat greater quantities of the poison than where the surface of the water is clear or covered by low surface vegetation only. Since the poison is relatively inexpensive, and the danger of poisoning the water of the breeding place is small, quantities somewhat larger than those given in the protocol would seem to be advisable, possibly about 10 c. c. (approximately 12 grams, 0.43 ounces avoirdupois, 0.6 cubic inches, or two level teaspoonfuls) to 90 square meters (1,000 square feet).

A slowly settling cloud of dust carried along by a light wind is apparently the best agent for the distribution of the dust, and the main thing is to start this cloud in the right place and direction. A single cloud may destroy larvæ over a wide area and at a considerable distance from the operator. We have tried certain mechanical means for distributing the dust, such as the dust-guns used in dusting arsenic on cotton plants, but thus far we have succeeded best by simply throwing the dust into the air by hand. The cloud can thus be formed high or low, to the right or to the left, depending on the force and direction of the wind. The pole and bag method, sometimes used for dusting plants, has been found useful in treating a breeding place at the bottom of a deep ditch.

TIME OF DAY FOR THE USE OF THE POWDER.

The best results are to be expected on a sunny day when the powder is spread after the sun is well up and the dew has disappeared from any vegetation covering the breeding place.

FREQUENCY OF TREATMENT.

The frequency of treatment of a breeding place must depend largely on the temperature of the water. In a recent experiment anopheline larvæ were thoroughly destroyed over a given area. The place was kept under observation from day to day, and frequent collections of larvæ were made. Eleven days after treatment fully grown larvæ and a few pupæ were found. In this breeding place, then, it would have been necessary to repeat the treatment within ten days. The weather was warm and the temperature of the water very high, and it is probable that in this pond the growth of the larvæ (larvæ of A. quadrimaculatus) was nearly at its maximum rate.

COST.

Paris green was recently quoted at 22 cents per pound, f. o. b. New York City, packed in 300-pound barrels. Small quantities may be purchased in drug stores for \$1 per pound. At 25 cents per pound the amount sufficient for at least 1,000 square feet, 10 c. c., would cost about seven-tenths of a cent. The calcium arsenate in common use for dusting cotton plants may be purchased for about 15 to 20 cents per pound. The use of a powder instead of a liquid should greatly lower the cost of transportation. Usually a dust suitable for dilution can be found in the neighborhood of the breeding place, so that one has to transport only a pound or so of Paris green for the treatment of a large area.

DANGER OF POISONING THE OPERATOR OR THE WATER TREATED.

The danger to persons engaged in distributing arsenic-containing dusts as larvicides would seem to be mainly through the possibility of inhalation of the poison or its absorption through the skin rather than through ingestion. In our search for information regarding the possible harm to men or domestic animals engaged in distributing arsenical dusts as insecticides, we sent letters of inquiry to 17 United States or State agricultural experiment stations in the cotton or tobacco growing States, in the hope that information might be obtained from those who have had much practical experience with these dusts and their possible harmful effects. In some States these arsenical dusts, calcium arsenate in particular, have been used by the ton in combating the boll weevil. Of the 16 stations replying to our inquiry, 14 of the correspondents had had experience in the use of arsenical dusts. Of these 14, about half had knowledge of some injury to man or domestic animals through the use of these arsenical dusts. The lesions reported were chiefly of the acute type and of a minor degree, such as sores on exposed parts of the body, irritation of the bronchial

tubes, and sometimes intestinal disorders-lesions which usually healed promptly. Some more serious cases of chronic poisoning were reported to us by Mr. B. R. Coad, in charge of the Delta Laboratory, U. S. Bureau of Entomology, at Tallulah, La., who kindly wrote us a full description of these cases. The cases were of the cumulative type of poisoning, and occurred exclusively among persons who had worked with the dusts in close quarters for several years. They occurred as the result of exposure to calcium arsenate as well as to other kinds of arsenical dusts. "The chronic types of poisoning are practically always accompanied by some dermatic disorder, the injury of which varies widely with the individual, and is somewhat recurrent. Furthermore, in extreme cases we find neuritis and occasionally some fairly pronounced heart symptoms. It has proved a very obnoxious ailment, and, furthermore, a very stubborn one. Apparently it is brought about by a saturation of the system with arsenic, and the victim is nearly always hypersensitive to arsenic exposure. In the case of constant exposure the mucous membranes of the nose and throat reach such a condition that they are exceedingly sensitive to mechanical irritation by any form of dust, and a slight exposure to dust brings on an attack which very closely resembles hav fever."

It is to be remembered that these chronic cases followed a long and intimate exposure to arsenic dusts. Mr. Coad was of the opinion that the amount of exposure incident to the antianopheline work we have described would probably not lead to any particular danger. It is significant that so little trouble is reported by experiment station workers and by other persons who have used arsenic dusts extensively for some years. Possibly their immunity has been due in part to the fact that they use principally the slightly water-soluble calcium arsenate, and that cotton-plant dusting extends over a comparatively short period each year. However, in antianopheline work where such small quantities of highly diluted Paris green are used, and where the work is wholly out of doors, simple precautions should suffice to protect the user, nor would a health officer anticipate any strenuous objections from the people of a community to the use of a substance so commonly employed as an insecticide.

In our experiments we have used no precautions other than to stand to the windward of the dust cloud—the place where one would naturally stand in distributing the dust—and we have experienced no harmful results whatever. However, even with the small quantities used in larvicide work, it is well to remember that one is working with a poison and that some precautions should be taken, at least until the matter is further investigated. It is probably sufficient to keep to the windward of the dust clouds and to avoid inhaling the dust as far as possible. In case a great deal of expos-

ure is necessary, one should use some precaution to keep any large amount of Paris green from entering the clothing or accumulating anywhere on the skin.

As regards the danger of poisoning the water treated, it should be emphasized that only a minute quantity of Paris green is dusted over a very large surface, and of that compound only a very small fraction is water-soluble. We have never observed any effect of the poison on culicine larvæ or on any aquatic insect or animal, however delicate, other than the surface-feeding anopheline larvæ. In particular, we have never observed any indication of harm to top-feeding minnows or to any other natural enemy of larvæ. The danger to domestic animals through drinking treated water seems very remote. In order to meet any objections on the part of the owner of a breeding place, one might arrange to have the stock removed from the breeding place for a day or so, but the owner will hardly insist on this precaution when it is explained to him that the powder is the same as that commonly used against insects and that only a very small quantity of it is to be used on a large body of water.

In sum, the possible advantages of arsenic dust used against anopheline larvæ are its cheapness, portability, ease of distribution by means of the wind, and the possibility of using it over areas difficult of treatment by methods now in use. The chief disadvantage is that its use is limited to anopheline larvæ—ova and pupæ of all kinds, and culicine larvæ are apparently unaffected. It is believed, however, that this method will have a place in antimalarial work, especially in places not easily drained and so covered by vegetation or other obstacles as to render them inaccessible to natural enemies of larvæ, or to other methods of treatment.

DEATHS DURING WEEK ENDED NOV. 26, 1921.

Summary of information received by telegraph from industrial insurance companies for week ended Nov. 26, 1921, and corresponding week, 1920. (From the Weekly Health Index, Nov. 29, 1921, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)

	Week ended Nov. 26, 1921.	Corresponding week, 1920.
Policies in force	47, 761, 374	45, 212, 203
Number of death claims	7, 188	7, 399
Death claims per 1,000 policies in force, annual rate	7.8	8.5

Deaths from all causes in certain large cities of the United States during the week ended Nov. 26, 1921, infant mortality, annual death rate, and comparison with corresponding week of preceding years. (From the Weekly Health Index, Nov. 29, 1921, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)

			ended 6, 1921.	Average	Deaths under 1 year.		Infant mor- tality
City.	Estimated population July 1, 1921.	Total deaths.	Death rate.1	death rate per 1,000.2	Week ended Nov. 26, 1921.	Previous year or years.2	rate, week ended Nov. 20 1921.
Akron, Ohio	229, 195	21	4.8	48.5	4	43	3
Akron, OhioAlbany, N. Y.	115, 071	30	13.6	C 10, 5	2	C 0	4
Atlanta, Ga	207, 473 750, 864	60	15.1	C 13. 9	5	C 9	
Baltimore, Md	750, 864 186, 133	181 50	12.6 14.0	A 15.5 A 18.1	24 7	A 25 A 6	6
Birmingham, AlaBoston, Mass	757 694	212	14.6	A 14.9	32	A 32	8
Bridgeport, Conn	149, 967 519, 608 110, 444 2, 780, 655	28	9. 7	A 14.7	2	A 6	2
Bridgeport, Conn. Buffalo, N. Y. Cambridge, Mass. Chicago, Ill	519, 608	108	10.8	C 13. 4	13	C 22	5
ambridge, Mass	110, 444	29	13. 7	A 15.0	1	A 4	1
chicago, Ill	2, 780, 655	540	10.1	A 12.7	73	A 105 C 6	
Cincinnati, Ohio	403, 418 831, 138 245, 358	98	12.7	C 11.4	23	C 6 C 19	5
columbus, Ohio	245 358	164 58	10.3	C 15.4	5	C 11	5
Oallas, Tex	165, 282	38	12. 0	A 12.6	6	A 4	
Dayton, Ohio	165, 282 158, 119	32	10.6	A 12.6 C 8.8	4	C 3	(
Denver, Colo	263, 152	67	13.3	A 14.6	11		
Detroit, Mich	1,070,450	178	8.7	C 10.5	32	C 50	
fall River, Mass	120,668	27	11.7	C 14.3	5 2	C 8	7
Fort Worth, Tex	111, 423 141, 197	29 35	13.6 12.9	C 12.0	2	C 5	
Iougton Tox	144 940	23	8.3	C 9.3	5	C 3	
ndianapolis, Ind	325, 632	97	15.5	C 10.7	11	C 11	
ersey City, N. J	302, 788	67	11.5	C 9.7	10	C 12	
Cansas City, Kans	103, 884	26	13. 1	C 13.8	1	C 7	2
ndianapolis, Ind. ersey City, N. J. (ansas City, Kans. (ansas City, Mo. os Angeles, Calif.	336, 157	102	15.8	C 14.6	11	C 11	
os Angeles, Calif	611, 921 236, 083	171	14. 6 15. 0	A 12.7 C 14.4	19	A 9 C 10	1
ouisviffe, Kyowell, Mass	113,757	68 25	11.5	A 15. 2	4	A 7	
femphis, Tenn	165, 656	52	16.4	32 10.2	7		
filwaukee, Wis	468, 386	113	12.6	A 10.8	19	A 21 C 10	1
Inneapolis, Minn	392, 815	81	10.8	C 11.8	5	C 10	2
ashville, Tenn	122, 036	39	16.7	C 15.4 A 14.2	1 2	C 5 A 5	
New Haven, Conn	125, 012 167, 007	22 35	9.2	C 11.8	3	C 3	3
iew Orleans, La. lew York, N. Y. lewark, N. J. corfolk, Va. bakland, Calif.	394, 657	105	13. 9	A 19.7	9	A 18	
lew York, N. Y.	5, 751, 867	1, 184	10.7	C 10.7	158	C 154	
ewark, N. J	424, 885	67	8. 2 7. 7	C 11.9	16	C 22	7
orfolk, Va	121, 260	18	7.7		3 5		
akland, Calif	226, 472	59	13.6	A 12.1		A 4	3
mana. Neor	197, 066 137, 463	43 27	11. 4 10. 2		3 5		5
Paterson, N. J. Paterson, N. J. Paterson, N. J. Paterson, N. J. Paterson, Pa	1, 866, 212	398	11.1	4 14.5	36	4 70	1
ittsburgh, Pa	602, 452	171	14.8	C 15.8	36	C 28	12
landland Ones	264, 859	62	12.2	C 9.8	4	C 6	4
rovidence, R. I	239, 645	56	12.2	C 13.6	9	C 8	3
ichmond, Va	175, 686	47	13.9	C 11.2 C 9.1	77	C 6	5
t Louis Wo	305, 229	178	11. 6 11. 8	C 9.1 C 12.3	18	C 8 C 6 C 3 C 27	
t Paul Minn	786, 164 237, 781 121, 595	50	11.0	C 10. 4	6	C 4	6
alt Lake City, Utah	121, 595	23	9.9	A 13. 3	2		3
ortiand, Oreg rovidence, R. I. tichmond, Va. tochester, N. Y t. Louis, Mo. t. Paul, Minn alt Lake City, Utah an Francisco, Calif	520, 546 327, 227 135, 877 177, 265	152	15. 2	C 13.1	13	C 12	7
	327, 227	55	8.8	A 8.6	2	A 6	1
pringfield, Mass	135, 877	22	8.4	C 11.5 C 10.8	0	A 6 C 6 C 2 A 7 A 7 A 12 C 6 C 8	8
pringfield, Mass yracuse, N. Y oledo, Ohio	252 000	48	9.0	A 13.5	7	A 7	4
renton N I	203, 090	34	14.4	A 20 1	4 7 7 2 5	A 7	10
renton, N. J. Vashington, D. C.	122,760 454,026	84	9.6	A 15.6	7	A 12	4
Vilmington, Del	113, 408	24	11.0	C 15.9 C 15.2	2	C 6	
Vilmington, Del	184, 972	47	13. 2	C 15.2	5	C 8	
onkers, N. Y	103, 324	12	6.1	A 11.5	2	A 4	4

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¹ Annual rate per 1,000 population.

² "A" indicates data for the corresponding week of the years 1913 to 1917, inclusive. "C" indicates data for the corresponding week of the year 1920.

³ Deaths under I year per 1,000 births—an annual rate based on deaths under I year for the week and estimated births for 1920. Cities left blank are not in the registration area for births.

⁵ Data based on statistics of 1915, 1916, and 1917.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.

UNITED STATES.

CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.

Telegraphic Reports for Week Ended Dec. 3, 1921.

These reports are preliminary and the figures are subject to change when later returns are received by the State health officers.

ALABAMA.		CALIFORNIA—continued.	
Case	45	Poliomyelitis: Ca	Ses.
	22	Lemoore.	
Pellagra	6	Los Angeles	
Pneumonia	6	San Francisco	
	13	San Joaquin County.	
	14		
	14	Stockton	
	11	Taft	
ARKANSAS.	-	Scarlet fever	133
	20	San Jose.	14
- managed positive and a second positive and	28	Santa Clara County	15
Diphtheria	1	Scattering	23
	14	Typhoid fever	14
***************************************	41	Typhus fever—Los Angeles.	3
Measles.	i	a y para se se a sangeres a se	-
Pellagra	6	COLORADO.	
	20		
Smallpox.	10	(Exclusive of Denver.)	
Tuberculosis	8	Chicken pox	23
	12	Diphtheria	48
Whooping cough	4	Influenza	1
		Measles	6
CALIFORNIA.		Mumps	3
Anthrax-Patterson	1	Pneumonia	3
Cerebrospinal meningitis:	- 1	Scarlet fever	47
Los Angeles	1	Smallpox	17
Merced	1	Tuberculosis	24
Santa Cruz	1	Typhoid fever	15
Diphtheria 3:	23	Whooping cough	2
	21		
Leprosy:	1	CONNECTICUE.	
Fresno County.	1	hicken pox	53
Los Angeles	1	Diphtheria:	00
San Francisco.	1	Bridgeport	17
Lethargic encephalitis:	. 1	Hartford.	9
Berkeley	4	New Haven	12
	i	Scattering.	45
Los Angeles	2	Impetigo contagiosa.	7
	11		
	-	Influenza	•
	(303	36)	

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connecticut—continued.		ILLINOIS—continued.	
Measles: Ca	ses.	Diphtheria-Continued. Cases.	
Chaplin	8	Decatur 16	8
Coventry		Galesburg 12	2
Hampton			9
Lebanon		Mattoon. 12	2
Mansfield	-	Pekin 10	
Windham.		Peoria. 11	
	-	Rockford 17	
Scattering	-		
Mumps		Streator8	
Pneumonia (lobar)	23	Scattering	
Scarlet fever:	40	Influenza	
Bridgeport	10		1
Hartford	8	Pneumonia	š
Scattering		Poliomyelitis:	
Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	20	Bond County—Mills Township 1	1
Whooping cough	32	Carroll County-Mount Carroll Township 1	1
		Chicago 1	1
DELAWARE.		Henry County-Loraine Township 1	1
Chicken pox	4	Livingston County-Newton Township 1	1
Diphtheria	4	Will County-Johet Township 1	
Measles.	1	Scarlet fever:	
Pneumonia	2		
Scarlet fever:	_	Chicago 118	
	17	Rockford 9	
Wilmington	10	Scattering 179	
Scattering		Smallpox:	
Tuberculosis	5	- Central City 18	1
Typhoid fever	3	Scattering	i
Whooping cough	1	Typhoid fever 29	,
		Whooping cough 32	
FLORIDA.	-00		
Diphtheria	23	INDIANA.	
Influenza	9	Diphtheria 166	
Malaria	11	Rabies in animals—Sullivan County 1	
Paratyphoid fever	1	Scarlet fever 127	1
Pneumonia	9	Smallpox 34	1
Scarlet fever	3	Typhoid fever 11	
a 11			ι.
Smallpox	2		
Typhoid fever	2 10	IOWA.	
Typhoid fever	_		
	_	IOWA.	
Typhoid fever	10	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis:	1
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis	10	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: Dyersville	1
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox.	10 2 44	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Dyersville. 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78	1 1 3
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria	10 2 44 48	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville. 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5	1 1 3 5
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary).	10 2 44 48 1	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville. 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria. 78 Poliomyelitis. 5 Scarlet fever. 134	1 1 3 5
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria	2 44 48 1 41	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville. 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5	1 1 3 5
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary).	10 2 44 48 1	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville. 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria. 78 Poliomyelitis. 5 Scarlet fever. 134	1 1 3 5
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease	2 44 48 1 41	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: Dyersville. 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria. 78 Poliomyelitis. 5 Scarlet fever. 134 Smallpox. 28 KANSAS.	1 1 3 5 1 3
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria. Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease Influenza. Malaria.	10 2 44 48 1 41 7	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3	1 1 3 5 1 3 3
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease. Influenza. Mularia. Mumps.	2 44 48 1 41 7	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smailpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79	1 1 3 5 1 3 3
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease Influenza. Mularia. Mumps. Pneumonia.	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 342	1 1 3 5 1 3 1 3 1 2
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease Influenza. Malaria. Mumps. Pneumonia. Scarlet fever.	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: Dyersville. 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria. 78 Poliomyelitis. 5 Scarlet fever. 134 Smallpox. 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis. 3 Chicken pox. 70 Diphtheria. 32 German measles. 2	1 1 3 5 1 3 3 1 2 2 2
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps. Pneumonia. Scarlet fever Septic sore throat	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8	1 1 3 5 1 3 3 1 2 2 3 3 3
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease. Influenza Malaria Mumps. Pneumonia. Scarlet fever. Septic sore throat Smallpox.	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 70 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7	1 1 3 5 1 3 1 2 2 3 3 7
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Searlet fever Septic sore throat Semillpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 70 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63	1 1 3 5
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Typhoid fever	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 70 Diphtheria 32 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23	1 1 3 5 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Searlet fever Septic sore throat Semillpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 70 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63	1 1 3 5 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Semilloox Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Typhoid fever Whooping cough	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 70 Diphtheria 32 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23	
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Typhoid fever	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 342 German measles 22 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonla 23 Scarlet fever 235	1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria. Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease. Influenza. Malaria. Mumps. Pneumonia. Scarlet fever. Septic sore throat. Smallpox. Tuberculosis (pulmonary). Typhoid fever. Whooping cough. ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis:	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11	IOWA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Dyersville 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 49	
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps. Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary). Typhoid fever Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicago	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 32 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonía 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 49 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59	1 1 3 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Typhoid fever GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease. Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia. Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Semallpox. Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Typhoid fever Whooping cough ILLINOIS.	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11 5	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonta 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 40 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59 Typhoid fever 49	
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps. Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary). Typhoid fever Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicago	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 8 11 5	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 32 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 49 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59 Typhoid fever 4 Whooping cough 13	
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease. Influenza. Malaria. Mumps. Pneumonia. Scarlet fever. Septic sore throat. Semilpox. Tuberculosis (pulmonary). Typhoid fever. Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicago. Rock Island. Tazewell County—	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 8 11 5	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonta 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 40 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59 Typhoid fever 49	
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria. Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease. Influenza. Malaria. Mumps. Pneumonia. Scarlet fever. Septic sore throat. Smallpox. Tuberculosis (pulmonary). Typhoid fever. Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicago. Rock Island. Tazewell County— Malone Township.	10 2 44 48 1 41 7 7 1 10 16 4 18 8 11 5	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 32 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 49 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59 Typhoid fever 4 Whooping cough 13	1 1 3 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Typhoid fever Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicago Rock Island Tazewell County— Malone Township Diphtheria:	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11 5 2 1 1	IOWA Cerebrospinal meningitis: Dyersville	
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Typhoid fever Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicago Rock Island Tazewell County— Malone Township. Diphtheria: Aurora	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 100 16 4 18 8 11 5 2 1 1 16	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. 3 Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 70 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 4 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59 Typhoid fever 4 Whooping cough 13 LOUSIANA Diphtheria 20 Influenza 13	
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis. Chicken pox. Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary). Hookworm disease. Influenza. Mularia. Mumps. Pneumonia. Scarlet fever. Septic sore throat. Smallpox. Tuberculosis (pulmonary). Typhoid fever. Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicage. Rock Island. Tazewell County— Malone Township. Diphtheria: Aurora. Blue Island.	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11 5 2 1 1 16 10	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 79 Diphtheria 32 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 49 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59 Typhoid fever 4 Whooping cough 13 Lousiana 20 Influenza 13 Scarlet fever 19	
GEORGIA. Cerebrospinal meningitis Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery (bacillary) Hookworm disease Influenza Malaria Mumps Pneumonia Scarlet fever Septic sore throat Smallpox Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Typhoid fever Whooping cough ILLINOIS. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Chicago Rock Island Tazewell County— Malone Township. Diphtheria: Aurora	2 44 48 1 41 7 17 1 10 16 4 18 8 11 5 2 1 1 16 10 226	IOWA, Cerebrospinal meningitis: 1 Keokuk 1 Diphtheria 78 Poliomyelitis 5 Scarlet fever 134 Smallpox 28 KANSAS. 3 Cerebrospinal meningitis 3 Chicken pox 70 Diphtheria 342 German measles 2 Influenza 8 Measles 7 Mumps 63 Pneumonia 23 Scarlet fever 235 Smallpox 4 Trachoma 1 Tuberculosis 59 Typhoid fever 4 Whooping cough 13 LOUSIANA Diphtheria 20 Influenza 13	

MAINE.		MISSISSIPPI,	
	ases.		ises.
Chicken pox		Diphtheria	69
Diphtheria		Scarlet fever	17
German measles		Smallpox	21
Measles		Typhoid fever	18
Mumps		MISSOURI,	
Pneumonia			
Scarlet fever		Cerebrospinal meningitis	
Tuberculosis		Chicken pox	
Typhoid fever	. 5	Diphtheria	
MARYLAND.1		Epidemic sore throat	38
Cerebrospinal meningitis	. 1	Influenza	
Chicken pox		Measles	
Diphtheria		Mumps	
Dysentery		Ophthalmia neonatorum	5
German measles.		Poliomyelitis	
Influenza.		Scarlet fever	
Malaria		Smallpox	104
Measles.		Tetanus	3
		Trachoma	9
Mumps		Tuberculosis	55
Paratyphoid fever		Typhoid fever	56
Pneumonia (all forms)		Whooping cough	17
Poliomyelitis			
Scarlet fever		MONTANA.	
Septic sore throat		Diphtheria	19
Trachoma		Scarlet fever	29
Tuberculosis		Smallpox	33
Typhoid fever		Typhoid fever	5
Whooping cough	20	NEBRASKA.	
MASSACHUSETTS.			
Cerebrospinal meningitis		Chicken pox	14
	2	Diphtheria:	
Chicken pox		Beatrice	8
Conjunctivitis (suppurative)		Omaha	18
Diphtheria		Scattering	21
German measles	5	German measles	2
Influenza		Measles	31
Lethargic encephalitis	2	Mumps	3
Measles		Pneumonia	1
Mumps		Poliomyelitis-Omaha	1
Ophthalmia neonatorum		Scarlet fever	43
Pneumonia (lobar)	98	Smallpox:	
Poliomyelitis	4	Bluehill	12
Scarlet fever	139	Scattering	32
Septic sore throat	11	Tuberculosis	1
Tetanus	1	Typhoid fever	3
Trachoma	2		
Tuberculosis (all forms)	177	NEW JERSEY.	
Typhoid fever	11	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Whooping cough	41	Chicken pox	253
		Diphtheria	
MINNESOTA.		Influenza	
Chicken pox	28	Measles	
Diphtheria:		Pneumonia	
Minneapolis	48	Poliomyelitis	2
Scattering:		Scarlet fever.	
Measles	16	Smallpox	5
Pneumonia.	3	Typhoid fever.	19
Poliomyelitis	2	Whooping cough	48
Scarlet fever			-0
Smallpox		NEW MEXICO.	
Tuberculosis	69	Chicken pox	7
Typhoid fever	15	Diphtheria	35
Whooping cough	1	Influenza.	1
Week and d Friday			-

NEW MEXICO-continued.		VERMONT.	
	ases.		ises.
Measles		Chicken pox	
Mumps	. 2	Diphtheria	20
Pneumonia	. 3	Measles	2
Poliomyelitis	. 1	Mumps	3
Scarlet fever	-	Pneumonia	
Smallpox			
		Scarlet fever	
Tuberculosis		Septic sore throat	
Typhoid fever	. 11	Typhoid fever	3
Whooping cough	. 4	Whooping cough	10
NEW YORK.		Smallpox:	
(Exclusive of New York City.)			
Cerebrospinal meningitis	. 1	Craig County—Several cases.	
Diphtheria		WASHINGTON.	
Influenza		Chicken pox	65
		Diphtheria:	
Measles		Seattle	12
Pneumonia	. 166	Scattering	14
Poliomyelitis	. 8	Measles	5
Scarlet fever	311		
Typhoid fever		Mumps	21
Whooping cough		Poliomyelitis:	
ii nooping congu	110	Lincoln County	1
NORTH CAROLINA.		Tacoma	1
Control of the land	1	Scarlet fever:	
Cerebrospinal meningitis		Spokane	8
Chicken pox		Scattering	
Diphtheria	146		29
German measles	3	Smallpox:	
Measles	4	Spokane	8
Scarlet fever.		Walla Walla	15
Septic sore throat		Scattering	61
		Tuberculosis	55
Smallpox		Typhoid fever	
Typhoid fever		Typhold level	4
Whooping cough	42	Whooping cough	13
		WEST VIRGINIA.	
Chicken por	9	Diphtheria:	
Chicken pox	34	Wheeling	13
Diphtheria:		Scattering.	
Portland	25		35
Scattering	18	Scarlet fever:	
Impetigo contagiosa	3	Fairmont	20
Measles		Scattering	15
Mumps		Smallpox	3
		Typhoid fever	2
Scables			-
Searlet fever	8	WISCONSIN.	
Smallpox:		Milwaukee:	
Portland	21	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Scattering.	13	Chicken pox	74
Tuberculosis	9	Diphtheria	39
Typhoid fever	2	Pneumonia	24
	_		
Whooping cough	1	Scarlet fever	14
SOUTH DAKOTA.		Smallpox	2
Chicken pox	1	Tuberculosis	14
Diphtheria	23	Typhoid fever	1
Pneumonia	1	Whooping cough	12
			10
Scarlet fever	64	Scattering:	0.5
Smallpox	22	Chicken pox	96
Tuberculosis	9	Diphtheria	144
TEXAS,		Influenza	2
Chicken pox	34	Measles	7
Diphtheria		Pneumonia	2
Influenza	7	Poliomyelitis.	3
	-		
Pellagra	5	Scarlet fever	
Pneumonia	7	Smallpox	38
Scarlet fever	52	Tuberculosis	17
Smallpox	15	Typhoid fever	9
Typhoid fever	13	Whooping cough	36
			-

Delayed Reports for Week Ended Nov. 26, 1921.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.		KENTUCKY-continued.	
Cas	-		ses.
Chicken pox	17	Influenza	12
Diphtheria	51	Measles:	
Influenza	2	Christian County	1
Measles	6	Jefferson County	22
Scarlet fever	19	Mumps	1
Tuberculosis	21	Paratyphoid fever	1
Whooping cough	8	Pneumonia	
KENTUCKY.		Rabies in man—Boyd County	
Cerebrospinal meningitis-Jefferson County	1	Scarlet fever:	
Chicken pox	13	Jefferson County	10
Diphtheria:	1	Seattering	16
Christian County	26	Smallpox	
Daviess County	21	Tonsillitis	7
Jefferson County	62	Trachoma	5
McCracken County	8	Tuberculosis	7
	21	Typhoid fever	15
	37	Whooping cough	2

SUMMARY OF CASES REPORTED MONTHLY BY STATES.

The following summary of monthly State reports is published weekly and covers only those States from which reports are received during the current week:

State.	Cerebrospinal meningitis.	Diphtheria.	Influenza.	Malaria.	Measles.	Pellagra.	Poliomyelitis.	Scarlet fever.	Smallpox.	Typhoid fever.
October, 1921. Delaware	29 6	32 1, 920 4, 046 202 1, 232 195	1 141 42 1 487	9 2 341	308 82 4 80 19	12	260 51 24 16 62	42 1, 269 1, 580 78 481 163	1 71 46 82 224	28 519 778 27 325 67

SMALLPOX EPIDEMIC.

Kansas City, Mo.-Kansas City, Kans.

Smallpox in malignant form continues in Kansas City, Mo., and a few scattering cases of the disease have appeared in various other parts of the State, with origin traceable to Kansas City. The following is taken from a telegram dated December 2, received from Dr. Cortez F. Enloe, State commissioner of health of Missouri:

Smallpox epidemic continues unabated Kansas City. Since September 1, 290 cases have been reported; 103 deaths. Past five days, 24 new cases, 11 deaths. Malignant type of disease has spread; 30 known cases, 4 deaths in various parts of State, origin traceable to Kansas City; actual total probably higher.

A telegram, dated December 5, 1921, from an officer of the Public Health Service, gives the following information:

Kansas City, Kans.—Week ended December 3, 1921: Cases, 12; deaths, 5. July 1 to December 3: Cases, 57; deaths, 16.

Kansas City, Mo.—Week ended December 3, 1921: Cases, 40; deaths, 14. July 1 to December 3: Cases, 315; deaths, 108.

TYPHUS FEVER.

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Typhoid fever.

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Athens, Ga.

Information, dated December 6, 1921, reports one case of typhus fever at Athens, Ga.

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921.

ANTHRAX.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Delaware: Wilmington	1	

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-		ended 19, 1921.	City.	Median for pre- vious	Week ended Nov. 19, 1921.	
	years.	Cases.	Deaths.		years.	Cases.	Deaths
California: Los Angeles.	0	2		Missouri: St. Louis	1	2	
Connecticut:		-		New Jersey:			
Hartford	0	1	1	Garfield		1	
Meriden	0	1		New Brunswick	0	1	
Illinois				Passaic	0	1	
Chicago	3	2		New York:			
Decatur			1	Buffalo	0	3	
Peoria	0	1	1	New York	2	3	
lowa:				Niagara Falls	0		
Burlington	0	2	1	North Carolina:			
Massachusetts:				Durham	0	1	
Belmont		1		Ohio:			
Beverly	0	1		Cleveland	0	1	
Boston	0	2	1	Pennsylvania:			
Norwood			1	Philadelphia	1		
South! ridge	9	1	1	Tamaqua		1	
Michigan:	-			Texas:			
Detroit	0	1		Galveston	0	1	
Highland Park	0	1	1				
Ironwood	0		1				

DENGUE.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Texas: Galveston.	3	

DIPHTHERIA.

See p. 3047; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 3036, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 3040.

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921-Continued.

INFLUENZA.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama: Birmingham		1	Missouri: St. Joseph		1
Montgomery	*******	1	St. Louis	1	
Litt'e Rock	1		Billings	1	
California:			New Jersey:	-	
Bakersfield	1		Atlantic City		
San Francisco	4		East Orange	1	
Connecticut:			New York:	_	
Meriden	1		Albany	7	
New Britain District of Columbia:	2		New York	22	1
Washington.	1		Rochester	22	9
Georgia:			North Carolina:	-	
Atlanta	1	2	Charlotte		1
Illinois:		_	Ohio:		
Chicago	13		To'edo		1
Kentucky:		-	Pennsylvania:		
Covington		1	Philadelphia	4	3
Louisiana: New Orleans	2		Rhode Island: Providence		
Maryland:	2	1	Texas:	2	*********
Baltimore	12	1	Dallas		1
Massachusetts:			Vincinia:		
Boston	2		Richmond		1
Cambridge	1		Roanoke	3	
Fall River	1				-
Haverhill	2	********			

LETHARGIC ENCEPHALITIS.

	1				1
Georgia: Savannah Massachusetts: Somerville	1	1	New York: Newburgh	1	

MALARIA.

Arkansas: Fort Smith Georgia: Savannah Louisiana: New Orleans	7 2 2	1	Tennessee: Memphis	1
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MEASLES.

See p. 3047; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 3036, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 3040.

PELLAGRA.

City.	Cases,	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama: Montgomery Sevannah Valdosta. North Carolina: Durham Raleigh Winston-Salem		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	South Carolina: Charleston	5	1

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921—Continued.

PNEUMONIA (ALL FORMS).

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:			Maryland:		
Anniston	4		Baltimore	34	19
Birmingham		4	Cumberland	1	
Mobile		1 4	Massachusetts:		
Arizona:			Beverly	1	
Tucson		2	Boston	32	13
Arkansas:		1	Brockton	3	1
Little Rock	1		Cambridge		i
California:			Chelsea	2	1
Bakersfield	2	1	Clinton	1	
Long Beach		3	Everett	2	
Los Angeles	28	8	Fall River	11	5
Oakland		5	Haverhill	2	1
Pasadena		2	Holyoke		1
Riverside		1	Leominster		1
Sacramento	8	3	Lowell	4	1
San DiegoSan Francisco	1		Lynn	1	
San Francisco	20	8	Malden		
Stockton	3	2	Malden New Bedford	2 5	3
Colorado:		-	Newburyport	1	
Denver		11	Northampton	î	
Pueblo		3	Quincy	9	1
Connecticut:			Salem	ī	
Bridgenort	1		Somerville	1	
Bristol	1		Southbridge	i	
Hartford		2	Springfield	8	1
Meriden	1	_	Springfield	1	
New Britain		********	Webster	î	********
New Haven		4	Winthrop	2	********
New Haven		i	Worcester	-	10
Delaware:	*********			*********	10
Wilmington		1	Michigan:		
District of Columbia:			Detroit	46	15
Washington		8	Flint		2
Georgia:			Hamtramck		1
Atlanta		13	Highland Park	2	1
Augusta	**********	10	Jackson	3	1
Magon		1	Kalamazoo	2	
Macon Savannah	********		Pontiac		1
Illinois:	*******	2			
		2	Minnesota:		
Alton	2	ĩ	Austin		1
AuroraBlue Island	-	i	Minneapolis		8
Objectstand	154	33	St. Paul		5
Chicago	4	2	Missouri:		
Cicero	i	_	Independence		1
DecaturEast St. Louis	1		Kansas City		16
Fast St. Doub	i	*******	Kansas City St. Joseph		4
Forest Park	-4	i			
Galesburg		1	Montana:		
Jacksonville Kewanee	1	1	Anaconda	1	********
L. Calle			Billings		1
La Salle		i	Missoula		1
Mattoon			Nebraska:		_
Oak Park		1	Omaha		5
Rock Island	2	3	Nevada:	-	
Springheid		3	Reno	2	
indiana:			New Jersey:		
Gary		3	Clifton	1	
Indianapolis		10	East Orange		2
La Fayette		2	Elizabeth		3
Marion		1	Elizabeth		9
lowa:			Englewood		
Council Bluffs		1	Garfield Hackensack	1	
Kansas:			Hackensack		1
Coffeyville	1	*********	Hoboken		1
Topeka		1	Irvington	3	
Wichita		1	Jersey City	6	
Kentucky:			Kearny		1
Covington		1	Montelair	2	1
Lexington		4	Morristown		1
Louisville		9	New Brunswick		1
Owensboro	2		Newark	33	8
louisiana:	-		Orange	5	1
Baton Rouge		3	Passaic		1
New Orleans		10	Passaic		i
Maine:		10	Summit		2
THAT IT I			Trenton	5	ī
Auburn		1	West Hoboken	.,	- 1

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CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921-Continued.

PNEUMONIA (ALL FORMS)-Continued.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths
New York:			Ohio-Continued.		
Albany	21		Toledo	1	1
Buffalo.	16	3	Youngstown		1
	10	2	Oklahoma:		
Cohoes	1		Oklahoma City		1
Elmira		1	Tulsa	1	1
Glens Falls			Oregon:		
Hornell					1
Little Falls		1	Portland		1
Middletown			Pennsylvania:		1
Mount Vernou		1	Philadelphia	69	1
New York		127	Rhode Island:	1	1
North Tonawanda	1		Pawtucket		1
Port Chester	1		Providence		1
Rochester		9	South Carolina:		1
Rome	4		Charleston		1
Saratoga Springs			Tennessee:		1
Schenectady	9	1	Memphis		1
	- 7	î	Nashville		1
Syracuse	4	i	Texas:	*********	1
Troy	********	1			1
Watertown	1	********	Abilene	2	1
White Plains	1	********	Beaumont	********	1
Yonkers	5	3	Dallas		1
orth Carolina:			El Paso		
Charlotte		2	Houston		
Durham		1	Waco		1
Greensboro		1	Utah:		
Raleigh		1	Salt Lake City		
Salisbury		1	Virginia:		
Wilmington	9	1	Alexandria	1	
hio:	-	-	Lynchbarg		
Akron	4		Norfolk		
Canton		2	Portsmouth		1
Chillicothe		ī	Richmond		
Cincinnati		11	Roanoke	9	1
		11	West Virginia:	•	
Cleveland	28	**********			
Columbus		. 10	Bluefield		
Dayton	1	********	Huntington	********	
Elyria		1	Martinsburg		
Hamilton		3	Wheeling	*******	
Ironton		2	Wisconsin:		
Mansfield	2	1	Beloit		
Newark		1	Milwaukee	11	
Niles		1	Oshkosh		
Salem		1	Racine		
Springfield		11			
christian		* 1			

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS).

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-			City.	Median for pre-	Week ended Nov. 19, 1921.		
	years.	Cases.	Deaths.		vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.	
Colorado: Denver Connecticut:	0		1	New Jersey: East Orange New York:	0	1		
New Haven	0	1		New York White Plains	2	5	2	
ChicagoGalesburg	0	1		Ohio: Cincinnati	0	1		
Iowa: Muscatine	0	1		Toledo Oregon:	0	1		
Kansas: Topeka Maryland:	0		1	Portland Pennsylvania: Philadelphia	0	1		
Baltimore	0	2		Texas: Houston	0			
Flint	0	1		Washington: Tacoma	0	. 1		
St. Paul	0	1						
Kansas City	0		1					

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921—Continued. RABIES IN MAN.

	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
New York: New York			1

SCARLET FEVER.

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See p. 3047; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 3036, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 3040.

SMALLPOX.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-		ended 19, 1921.	City.	Median for pre-	Week ended Nov. 19, 1921.		
City.	vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.		vious years.	Cases.	Deaths	
Alabama:				Montana:				
Montgomery	0	1		Great Falls	0	5		
Arkansas:				New York:			1	
Little Rock	0	1		New York	0	1		
California:		**		North Dakota:				
Bakersfield	0	14		FargoGrand Forks	1	1		
Oakland	0	1 2		Ohio:	10	1		
San Francisco	0	2		Cincinnati		2		
Colorado:	1 40	7	2		0	2 2		
Denver	12		2	Dayton	0	9		
Illinois:		4		Sandusky	0	1	******	
Centralia	0	2		Oklahoma:	0	1		
Chicago		1				1		
Elgin	0	1		Oklahoma City	1	1		
Mattoon	0	1		Oregon: Portland	3	12		
Indiana:	0				3	12		
Bloomington		5		Pennsylvania: Coatesville	0	1		
Gary	0	1				1		
Marion	0			Punxsutawney		1		
Terre Haute	0	1		Tennessee:		1		
Iowa:		3	1 1	Chattanooga Utah:	0	1		
Muscatine	0	1		Salt Lake City	2	13		
Waterloo	U			Washington:	-	10		
Kansas:		13		Aberdeen	2	7		
Hutchinson	0	13		Seattle	3	í		
Leavenworth	0	2		Spokane.	13			
Topeka	0	1		Tacoma	0	16		
Wichita	0	1		Walla Walla	0	13		
Michigan:	3		1	Yakima	0	13		
Detroit	3	1		West Virginia:	0			
Minnesota:		1		Bluefield	0	1		
Austin				Wisconsin:	U			
Duluth	0	2 2		Milwaukee	9	1		
Hibbing	7	2		Superior		1		
Minneapolis		10		West Allis.	0	9		
St. Paul	10	10		West Aills		-		
Missouri:	0							
Independence	0	3						
Kansas City	1	59	22					

TETANUS.

City.	Cases. Deaths.		City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama: Birmingham California: San Francisco Georgia: Savannah Illimois: Chicago.	1 1 2	2	Maryland: Baltimore Michigan: Detroit Missouri: Springaeld New York: Buffalo.	1	

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921-Continued.

TUBERCULOSIS.

See p. 3047; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 3036.

TYPHOID FEVER.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-		ended 19, 1921.	City.	Median for pre-	Nov. 1	ended 19, 1921.
City.	vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.		vious years.	Cases.	Deaths
Alabama:				New Jersey-Continued.			
Birmingham	1	1		Paterson	0	2	
Mobile	0	1	*******	Trenton	0	1	
Arkansas: Fort Smith	2	1		New York: Albany	3	1	1
North Little Rock	ő	i		Buffalo	i	4	
California:		1		Elmira. Mount Vernon New York	0	2	
Los Angeles	3	1		Mount Vernon	0	3	
Oakland	1	1		New York	26	14	1 3
Sacramento	0	3	1	Rochester	0	1	
San Francisco Santa Ana	0	1	_	Syracuse Watertown	- 0	1	
Colorado:				North Carolina;			
Colorado Springs	0	2		Durham	0	3	
Connecticut:			1	Wilmington	0	1	
Greenwich	0	1		Ohio:			
New Haven	1	1	1	Bueyrus		1	******
Delaware: Wilmington	0	2		Cleveland	3	5	
Georgia:		-		Columbus	1	2	
La Grange		1		Dayton	1	1	
Macon	0	3	3	Kenmore		1	
Rome	0	2		Lima	1 0	1	1
SavannahIllinois:	0	2		Marion Toledo	1	22	
Aurora	0	1		Youngstown	ô	2	2
Bloomington	Ö	î		Oklahoma:			
Chicago	13	4	·····i	Oklahoma City	1	1	
Cicero		1		Oregon:			
Decatur	0	1	******	Portland Pennsylvania:	1	2	,
Galesburg	0	1		Allentown	1	1	
Mattoon	1	i		Bethlehem	o .	5	
Indiana:				Butler	0	2	
Bloomington			1	Chester	0	1	
Indianapolis	1		1	Erie	0	1	
La Fayette	0	1	*******	Meadville Philadelphia	8	3	
Marion South Bend	1	î		Swissvale		ĭ	
Kansas:	-			Woodlawn		1	
Wichita	0		1	York	0	1	
Kentucky:	-			Rhode Island:			
LouisvilleLouisiana:	2	1	*******	Pawtucket South Carolina:	0	1	*******
New Orleans		1	1	Charleston	2		1
Maine:		•	•	Tennesseé:			
Lewiston	1	1		Memphis	2	1	1
Maryland:				Nashville	1	2	
Baltimore Cumberland	6	2	******	Texas: Abilene	0	1	
Massachusetts:				El Paso	i	4	
Boston	3	3	1	Fort Worth	2	î	
Danvers	0	1		Galveston	0	1	
Fall River	3	2		Waco	0	1	*******
Webster	0	1		Virginia: Alexandria	0.	1	
Ann Arbor	0	2		Danville	o l	î	
Detroit	7	5		Norfolk	0	î	
Flint	2	1		Norfolk	1	1	
Jackson	0	1		Washington:	.		
Missouri:.				Seattle	1	2	
Kansas City St. Louis	9	3	1	West Virginia: Moundsville	0	1	
New Jersey:	9			Parkersburg	0		1
Atlantic City	1	1		Wisconsin:			-
East Orange	0	1		Eau Claire	0	1	
Jersey City	0	1		Milwaukee	0	1	

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921-Continued.

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS.

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	Popula- tion Janu-	Total deaths	-	theria.	Me	asles.		arlet ver.		iber- losis.
City.	ary 1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:										
Anniston	17, 734 178, 270 60, 151		.4				5		1	
Mobile	60 151	48 26	17				5		6	1 1
Montgomery Tuscaloosa	43, 464	14	2 2		1				3	2
Tuscaloosa	43, 464 11, 996		2							
Arizona:								1		
Tueson	20, 292	17		3						6
Fort Smith	28, 811	4	1		1		3	-	1	
Hot Springs	11,695	5					9		*****	
Little Rock	64, 997		2				6		1	
North Little Rock California:	14,048		1							
Alameda	28, 806									
Bakersfield	18,638	1	1	******		******	3	*****	1	*****
Eureka Long Beach	12,923	4 7	i				1			******
Long Beach	12,923 55,593	11	5		2					
Los Angeles. Oakland Pasadena.	576, 673	182	68	1	6		31	2	60	20
Pasadona	45 234	62	20 6		1		3	*****		2
Richmond	216, 361 45, 354 16, 843	3	0		*****	*****	*****	*****	5	ī
Riverside	19, 341	4 5	1		1	*****	*****	*****	1	2
Sacramento	65, 857	30	14		î		3		î	ī
San Diego	74,683	24	10				6		1	4
San Francisco	508, 410	118	58	1	1		8		20	10
Santa Barbara	15, 485 19, 441 40, 296	3	2				1	*****	*****	2
Stockton	40, 296	14	18			*****	14	*****	*****	2
Vallejo	21, 107	2	4				1		*****	
Colorado:										
Colorado Springs	30, 105	5	2				3		20	1
Denver Pueblo	256, 389 42, 908	75 14	29				10			10
Connecticut:	42,005	14	6		*****		6	*****	• • • • • • • •	1
Bridgeport	143, 538	28	12	1	1		12	1	6	3
Bristol	20,620	4	1				1		1	
Derby	11,233	1								
Fairfield (town)	11, 475 22, 123 138, 033		2						*****	
Hartford	138 033	40	18	1	2				3	i
Manchester (town)	18, 370	3				*****		******	3	
Meriden (city)	29, 842 10, 193		1 2				1			
Milford (town)	10, 193	1	5						1	1
New Britain	59, 316 162, 519	38	8	*****	6 .		5		*****	
New Haven. New London	25 688	10	1		1	*****	3	*****	8	4
Norwalk	25, 688 27, 700	6 .					9			
Norwich (town)	29,685	4	3	1			4			
Delaware:	110 100		. 1	1			- 1			
Wilmington	110, 168	14	1		1 .		24			1
Washington	437, 571	125	38	1	5		24		24	6
leorgia:		123	0.5	.	9	*****				U
Atlanta	200,616	60 .			15 .		7 .			2
Augusta	52, 548 .				1 .		4 .		1 .	
Brunswick La Grange Macon	14, 413	0 .		*****	1 .					
Macon	17, 038 . 52, 995 .	18	8 .	*****	1	*****				****
Rome	13, 252		3 .			*****				*****
Rome. Savannah. Valdosta.	83, 252	43	5	1	1 .					1
Valdostalaho:	10,783	3	2 .							
Boise	21,393	3	1				- 1			
Pocatello	15,001	2	10	*****	1 .		5 .	****		
linois:	10,001	-	10							
Alton	24,682	7	1 .				3 .			
Aprora	36, 397	13	9 .		1		2 .		1 .	
Aurora Blue Island Centralia	11, 424	3	20					*****		
Chicago	11, 424 12, 491 2, 701, 705	557	248	16	24		141	6	252	48
Cicero.	44, 995	8	19	10	1		4 .	0	232	43
Decatur. East St. Louis	43, 818	8	13	1			0		7	
Pact Qt Lours	66,740	10	7	- 1			3			

	Popula-	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	Mes	isles.		arlet ver.	Tu	ber- osis.
City.	tion Janu- ary 1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Illinois-Continued.										
Elgin	27, 454 37, 215 10, 768	4	7					*****		
Evanston	37,215	5	2				2	*****		*****
Forest Park	10,708	1 4	6		*****			*****		*****
Galesburg	23, 834 15, 713	16								
Kewanee	16, 026	3	1		2		2			
La Salle	16, 026 13, 050	6	2	1	1					
Mattoon	13 552	7	17				2			*****
Oak Park	39, 830	7	8		1		1		2	
Pekin	12,086 76,121	18	8	*****		*****	5 7	····i	*****	
Peoria	65 651	10	4 7	*****	1	*****	10	i	*****	
Rockford	65,651	10					2		1	2
Springfield	35, 177 59, 183	23	6	1			ī	1		
Indiana:						-				
Bloomington	11,595	6	3				1			
Crawfordsville	10, 139	4				*****		*****	1	
Eash Chicago	10, 139 35, 967 24, 277 11, 585	7 4	2	1					1	*****
Elkhart	11 595	5	2	1		*****	9		i	
Frankfort	55, 378	16	21			*****	2 2			2
Gary	36, 004	9	10	1			8			
Huntington	36, 004 14, 000	2	2				2			
Indianapolis	314, 194 30, 067	68	48	2	8		14	1	8	1
Kokomo.	30, 067	7			1		2	*****		*****
La Fayette Logansport	22, 486	8 7	2 2				3	1		*****
Logansport	21, 626 23, 747	10	8	1			4	*****	*****	*****
Marion	15, 195	2	3				i		1	1
Muncie	36, 624	9	4							1
Richmond	26, 765	4					1			
South Bend	70, 983	4 7	3						9	
Terre Haute	66, 083	17	26	2			2		1	
Iowa:	04 017									
Burlington	24, 057		3				2			
Cedar Rapids Council Bluffs	45, 566 36, 162	5	7				î			
Davennort	56, 727		i				1			
Davenport Dubuque	39, 141		3				1			
Marshalltown	15, 731		1				3			
Mason City	20, 065	4					1	····i		1
Muscatine	16, 068	10	2		*****		4	1	*****	
Ottumwa	23, 003		10				4			*****
Sioux City Waterloo	71, 227 36, 230	*******	4				2			
Kansas:			-							
Atchison	12, 630	1	4							
Correyville	13, 452	2	8				1		12	
Hutchinson	23, 298 12, 456	2	9		1		1 2	*****	· · · · · ·	• • • • • •
Lawrence	16, 912	2	6		1		2			
Parsons.	16, 028	5	1	*****			2			
Salina	15, 085	1	3							
Topeka	15, 085 50, 022	14	60	1			1			
Wichita	72, 128	20	28				31	2	3	
Kentucky:									1	1
Covington	57, 121 41, 534	12 20	5				1	1	i	2
Lexington	234, 891	59 59	52	3	21		3		11	3
Owensboro	17, 424	99	16						2	
Paducah	17, 424 24, 735		2							
Louisiana:										
Baton Rouge	- 21, 782	12	2				1		1	1
Monroe	12, 675 387, 219	120		*****					17	11
New Orleans	387, 219	132	13	*****			8	*****	14	11
Maine:	16, 985	- 5	1				1			
AuburnBath	14, 731	8		*****						
Biddeford	14, 731 18, 008 31, 791	9								3
	219 0000			1		1	*1			
Lewiston	31, 791	6	2							
Lewiston Portland. Sanford.	31, 791 69, 272 10, 691	31 0	10				2			2

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED NOV. 19, 1921-Continued.

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS-Continued.

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	Popula-	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	Mea	ısles.		arlet ver.		ber- osis.
City.	tion Janu- ary 1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Maryland:			53	2	32		36	1	24	
BaltimoreCumberland	733, 826 29, 837	201	2				1		2	16
Adams	12,967	2					2			
Amesbury	10, 036	0					1			
Arlington	18, 665	6	11	1			1			
AttleboroBetmont	18, 665 19, 731 10, 749	1	1	*****		*****	*****	*****	2	
Beverly	99 561	2	î	*****					-	
Boston	22, 561 748, 060	203	74	1	54		38		55	19
Braintree	10, 580	1							1	
Brockton	10, 580 66, 138	23	10	1			3			
Brookline	37, 748	7	2				2		1	
Cambridge	109, 694	21	5	····i	1		3	*****	2	1
Chelsea	43, 184 12, 979	13	*****	1	1	*****	*****	*****	5	*****
Clinton	12, 979		3	*****	*****		1	*****	*****	*****
Danvers	11, 108 40, 120	4	5		i		4	*****		*****
Everett	190, 120	39	6	*****	-			******	6	1
Framingham	120, 485 17, 033	1								
Gardner	16, 971	5					2			1
Greenfield	15, 462	4					4		1	
Haverhill	53, 884	11	5				1	*****		
Haverhiil Holyoke	60, 203 19, 744	14					1		1	2
Leominster	19, 744	6						*****		
Lowell	112, 479 99, 148	23	7	1	1		2		7 5	3
Ly: v1. Malden	49, 103	23	10	1	1	*****	5			1 1
Medford	39, 038	18 6	8		12					1
Melrose	18, 204	4	4		1.0					1
Methijon	15, 189	3					1			
New Belford	15, 189 121, 217	29	11	1			5			3
Newburyport	15, 618		1				2			
Newton	46, 054	7	7	····i			3			
Northampton	21, 951	15	4				1		2	*****
Norwood	12, 627	2					1			
Pittsfield	41, 751	16	5				7	*****	3	*****
PlymouthQuincy	13, 045	4	10	····i	2		4	*****	3	*****
Balem	47, 876 42, 529	9	2		2		2		1	*****
Saugus	10, 874	6 2			*****	*****	ī	******		*****
Somerville	93, 091	15	7		1		î			
Southbridge	14, 245	5					2			
Springfield	129, 563	28	18	1			6		4	2
Taunton	37, 137 13, 025	28 6	1						1	1 2
Wakefield	13, 025	2	4				2		1	2
Watertown	21, 457	2	1	*****	3	*****	1		2	
Webster	13, 258	0				*****	*****	*****		
West Springfield	13, 443 18, 604	6		*****	*****	*****	*****			
Winthrep	15, 455	1		*****	1	*****	*****		1	i
Woburn	16, 574	0								
Worcester	179, 754	52	7		2		6		. 4	4
Michigan:	4									
Ann Arbor	19, 516	11	5				1		*****	
Battle Creek	36, 164		8		*****		1		*****	
Benton Harbor	12, 233 993, 739	2		******	36	····i	2 56	1	26	
DetroitFlint	91, 599	205	125 17	11 2	1		26		20	
Grand Rapids	137, 634	33	10	-	2		14	******	6	
Hamtramek	48, 615	9	2		-	******	1			2
Highland Park	46, 499	7			3		1			
Ironwood	15, 739	3								
Jackson	48, 374	10	5	1			10			
Kalamazoo	48, 858 12, 718	26	9	1	1		3		1	2
Marquette		4		*****	*****		******	*****		1
Port Huran	34, 273	8	26		*****		10	*****		
Port Huron	25, 944	0	1				*****			
Austin	10, 118	3								
Duluth.	98, 917	14	6		1		5		5	2
Hibbing	15, 089 12, 469	i					1			
Mankato	12, 469								1	

	Popula- tion Janu-	Tctal	Diph	theria.	Mea	isles.		arlet ver.	Tu	ber- osis.
City.	ary 1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Minnesota-Continued.									-	
Minneapolis	380, 582 13, 722	83	57	. 2	7		58		26	5
St. Cloud	15, 873	10	5		*****		3			
St. Paul	234, 595	67	16	1			28		6	9
Winona	234, 595 19, 143		1				1			
Missouri:		-	-							
Independence	11,686	7	7			*****	4		*****	
Joplin	29, 855 324, 410	125	57	4	1		14		1	
St. Joseph	77, 939	35	5	i			10			3
St. Louis.	772, 897	181	99	2	1		21		36	10
Springfield	772, 897 39, 631	14								1
Montana:				0						1
Anaconda	11,668	2				*****	1		1	
BillingsGreat Falls	15, 100 24, 121	5	7 7		*****	*****			i	
Missoula.	12,668	6					*****		i	
Nebraska:										1
Lincoln	54, 934	10	2		3		2		2	1
Omaha	191, 601	49	18	3	1		5			2
Nevada: Reno	12,016	2					1		1	1
	12,010	-	*****							
Be lin	16, 104	3					1		3	
Concord	22, 167 13, 029	12	1			*****	5			
Dover	13, 029	5								
Keene	11, 210	1 5	3				1			*****
Nashua Portsmouth	28, 379 13, 569	9	3				1		1	*****
New Jersey:	10, 000					*****				
Asbury Park	12, 400	1								1
Atlantic City	50,682	9	1				2			
Bayonne	76, 754 15, 660		1		*****	*****	2		2	
Belleville	15,660	1	1		5		3		2	
Bloomfield	22, 019 26, 470		5				9	*****		*****
East Orange	50, 710	12	4		1	******	3		1	******
East Orange Elizabeth	50, 710 93, 682		22		3	1	8		2	1
Englewood	11.627		1				1			
Garfield	19, 381	2	2 4	*****		*****	2	*****		
Garfield. Gloucester City Hackensack.	19, 381 12, 162 17, 667	5	•				· · · · i	*****		
Harrison	15, 721	9	1	*****					1	
Hoboken	15, 721 68, 166	17					9		1	1
Irvington	25, 480 297, 864	******	1		7		2		1	
Jersey City	297, 864	*******	9		7	*****	10		13	
Kearny	26, 724	6	1		1		1 2		1	1
Morristown	28, 810	7		*****		*****	ī			*****
Montefair	12, 548 32, 779	10								1
Newark	414, 216	77	21		38	1	38		19	6
Orange	33, 268	9	1	1			3	····i	1	
Passaic	63, 824 135, 866	20	- 4				8	1	17	2
Paterson	16, 923	4	3	******	*****	*****				
Plainfield	27, 700	7	3		1		2			
Summit	27, 700 10, 174 119, 289	3	*****							
Trenton	119, 289	32	14	1			2		3	1
Union West Hoboken	20, 651	******	1				3	····i	1	
West New York	20,068	3	1		*****		····i		i	
West New York	29, 926 15, 573	2	i						2	
New Mexico;	20,010	-	-							-
Albuquerque	15, 157	9							2	3
New York:	110 044		10				1		6	
Albany	113, 344 36, 192	11	18	2	*****		1			
Auburn. Buffalo	506, 775	116	37		3		15		15	9
Cohoes	22, 987	8	2				3			1
255	45, 303 14, 648	19	10		6		3		4	
Elmira	and orner	4								

	Popula- tion Janu-	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	. Me	asles.		arlet ver.		ber- losis.
City.	ary 1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
New York—Continued. Hornell										
Hornell	15, 025	3					2			
Ithaca	17, 004 38, 917	10	20	1			2			
JamestownLittle Falls	13 020	1					2			
Lockport	13, 029 21, 308	5	3	*****		*****	4	*****	2	
Middletown	18, 420 42, 726 30, 366		i				i	*****		
Mount Vernon	42, 726	14	1		1	1	9			
Newburgh	30, 366	6	2	*****					1	
New York	5, 621, 151	1, 229	220	15	98	2	196	2	1 266	19
Niagara Falls	50, 760	12	6	*****			14		1	
North Tonawanda Plattsburg	15, 482 10, 909	4	4		*****		*****			
Port Chester	16, 573	5	*****	*****	*****	*****	5	*****		
Rochester	295, 750	73	34	2	1	*****	8	1	8	
Dama	26, 341	7	2			*****	0		3	1
Saratoga Springs Schenectady Syracuse	295, 750 26, 341 13, 181	73 7 5					*****	*****	*****	
Schenectady	88. 723	19	4		1		8		2	
Syracuse	171, 717 72, 013 31, 285	36	58	4	3		22		3	
Troy	72, 013	24	1				2		2	
Watertown	31, 285	10	1						1	
White Plains Yonkers	21, 031 100, 226	17			1	*****				
North Carolina:	100, 226	11	*****	*****	*****	*****	21	*****		1
Charlotte	46, 338	16	0				2			:
Durham	21, 719 19, 861 24, 418 12, 742	7	1			*****	1	*****	1	
Greenshoro	19, 861	7 7				******		******		
Raleigh	24, 418	13	2							
Raleigh Rocky Mount Salisbury	12,742	5								******
Salisbury	13, 884 33, 372	4								
Wilmington	33, 372	11	1		2		2			
Winston-Salem	48, 395	11	2				5		2	
North Dakota:	21 051	0	1		1					
FargoGrand Forks	21, 961 14, 010	0	4		*****	*****	4	*****		
Ohio:	14,010	*******			*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
Akron	208, 435	33	21		2		23		19	
Alliance	21, 603 18, 811	3	2	1						*****
Barberton	18, 811	1	4					*****	3	1
Bucyrus	10, 425	2	1							
Canton. Chillicothe	87,091	21	30			*****	6		1	1
Cincinnati	15, 831 401, 247	114	44	3	6	*****	******	*****		1
Cleveland	796, 836 237, 031 10, 847	114	64		16	*****	20 60		12	16
Columbus	237, 031	85	52		1	*****	7	1	3	******
Coshocton	10, 847						7 2			
Dayton East Cleveland. Elyria	152, 559 27, 292 20, 474	40	10				2		2	******
East Cleveland	27, 292	6	1				1			
Elyria	20, 474	6					2			
Findlay	17,021	5								
Fremont	12, 468 39, 675 14, 007	1	2	*****			1			
Hamilton	39, 073	13	21	*****			2		*****	
Kenmore	12, 683	11	5	*****	*****	*****	1		*****	1
Lakewood	41, 732	10	3	*****		*****	9	*****		*****
Lancaster.	14, 703	6	4	1	*****		4	*****	*****	
Lima	14, 703 41, 306	10	19	i	1		3			
Lorain	37, 295	1	4		2		11		2	
Mansfield	27, 824	7							11	
Marion	27, 891 23, 594	3	18	1			4	1		
Middletown	23, 594		5						1	
Newark	26, 718	11	29	2	1	*****	8			
Newark	10, 718 13, 080 24, 966	4	4							
Norwood	24 966	5	i	*****	*****					- 1
FIGURA	15, 044	2		*****	*****	*****	1		1	
Salem	10, 305	6				*****		1		*****
Sandusky	22, 897	2					2			
Sandusky Springfield	22, 897 60, 840	9	30	1			3			i
Scoulden ville.	28, 508	12	2							
	14 979	4								
Timn	14, 5(5)									
Tiffn Toledo Youngstown	14, 375 243, 109 132, 358	61	49	1	1 1		10		1	5 3

¹ Pulmonary tuberculosis only.

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	Popula-	Total deaths	Dipht	heria.	Mea	sles.		rlet er.	Tub	er- sis.
City.	tion Janu- ary 1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
klahoma: Okłahoma City	91, 258	25	8	2			11			
Tulsa	72,075		8				2			
Portland	258, 288	65	22		3		6			
Allentown	73, 502		10	*****			3		*****	*****
Altoona	60, 331 12, 181 50, 358		3		*****		1			
Berwick	50 358		9	*****			5			
Bethlehem	20, 370		3				4			
BraddockBradford	20, 879 15, 525	*******					1			
Bristol	10, 273		1							
Butler	10, 273 23, 778		1				1			
Comemobates	10.032						7		*****	****
Carnegie	11,516						1	*****		
Unarierol	11, 516 11, 516 58, 030		1		*****		1 2		*****	****
Chester	58,030	******	3			*****	-			
Coatesville Dickson City	14,615	******	1 2		*****					
Dickson City	11,049		2			*****				
Dubois	18,681 19,011	*******	2		1		10			
Duquesne Erie	93, 372						1		3	
Farrell	15, 586		8		14					
Greensburg	15,033		9		1		1		*****	
Harrisburg	75,917		i		1		2	*****		
Hazleton	32, 277		. 2							
Jeannette	10,627	******					1 3	*****	2	
Johnstown	67, 327 53, 150		. 6		8	*****	2	*****		****
Lancaster	53, 150	******	5 2	*****	5	*****				
McKeesport	45, 975	******	6				1		1	
McKees Rocks	16,713	******	1							
Mahanoy City Meadville	15, 599 14, 568	******					2			
Meadville	22,614	******	. 3							
Nanticoke New Castle	44.938		1				9		2	
New Kensington	11, 987				. 1					
Norristown	32 319		. 1							
North Braddock	14, 928						5		1	
Oil City	21 274		. 2		. 1		2	*****	i	
Olyphant	10, 236 1, 823, 158 10, 484	******	. 1				143	1		
Philadelphia	1, 823, 158	449					140		00	
Phoenixville	10, 484		43		11		51		18	
Pittsburgh	588, 193	******					2			
Pittston	18, 497 16, 500	******	1 2							
Plymouth	17, 431	******	. 3				12			
PottstownPottsville."	91 976		. 3							
Punxsutawney	10, 311						1			
Punxsutawney Reading	107, 784		. 8				3		6	
Scranton	10, 311 107, 784 137, 783		- 4				1		. 0	1
Shamokin	21, 204		- 1		· i			*****		
Steelton	13, 428	******			-	*****			. 1	
Swissvale	10, 908 12, 363		. 1				3			
Tamaqua Uniontown	1 15 699		. 3				1			
Warren	14, 256		. 5				. 1			
Washington	14, 256 21, 480 11, 717		. 3				1		. 2	
West Chester	11,717						2			
Wilkes-Barre	73, 833		- 1		. 1		1 2		. 2	
Wilkinsburg	24, 403		- 3							1
Williamsport	36, 198 12, 495		. 1		- 1	*****	1 "			
Woodlawn	12, 495		1						. 1	1
Woodlawn York Rhode Island:	47, 512					1	1	1		
Knode Island:	20 407	1 2	5	. 1						
Cranston	29, 407 21, 793			2						
East Providence (town)	.1 30, 258	5 1	1 1	l			4			
Newport Pawtucket	64, 248	18	3 2	2 1						
Providence	64, 248 237, 595	6		3	- 1		. 3			-
South Carolina:					1		. :			
	67,957	1 2		6						

	Popula-	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	Mea	sles.		rlet ver.	cule	ber- osis.
City.	tion January I, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
South Dakota:	07 170									
Sioux Falls	25, 176	5	1	*****	1		1		1	
Tennessee:	57, 895		6	1			5			
Chattanooga	162 351	45	22	1	*****		10		5	
Memphis Nashville	162, 351 118, 342	52	14		3		4		2	
Tayes	210,010	1 0-	1		1				-	
Texas: Abilene Austin	10, 274	6	8				2		12	
Austin	34, 876	5								
Reaumont	40, 422	4					1		1	
Cornus Christi	10,522	3								
Corpus Christi Dallas	158, 976	43	10	1			6		1	****
El Paso.	77, 543	28	10				16			
Fort Worth	106, 482	26	2						2	
Galveston	44, 255	15	1							****
Houston.	138, 076	40	21	1						
Waco.	38,500	16	î				1		1	
Jtah:	0.5,000	1	1				_ ^			****
Salt Lake City	118, 110	21	3		1		16		1	
ermont:	10,008						4			
Burlington	22,779	7	2				2			
Rutland	14, 954	5								
irginia:										
Alexandria	18,060	3					1			
Danville	21,539	10	3		10		2			
Lynchburg	29, 956	9	7				1		2	
Norfolk	115,777		14				3		3	
Petersburg	31, 002 54, 387	11	2		1		1		1	
Portsmouth	54, 387	15	3				4			
Richmond	171,667	32	32	1	1		9		9	
Roanoke	50, 842	13	17	1	1		6			
Washington:	,									1
Seattle	315,652		7		1		5		12	
Spokane	104, 437		6				12			
Tacoma	96, 935		3		1		1		7	
Walla Walla	15, 503		3				5			
Yakima	15, 503 18, 539		1							
West Virginia:										
Bluefield	15, 282	2	8							
Charleston	39, 608	7	8				3			
Fairmont	17, 851		11				5			
Huntington	17, 851 50, 177	17	2	1			2			
Huntington	12, 515	2			3			1		
Morgantown	12, 127						1		2	
Moundsville	10,669	3					1			
Parkersburg	20,050	5	4				2			
Wheeling	54, 322	15	9				6		1	
Visconsin:	,									
Appleton	19, 561		- 4				2			
Ashland	11, 334		1							
Beloit	21, 284	6	4				1		3	-
Eau Claire	20, 880		3		1		4			
Fond du Lac	23, 427	2								
Green Bay	31,017	6	8				2			
Green Bay	18, 293	2								
Kemosha	40, 472	5	30	1	1		4			
La Crosse	30, 363		2				1			
Madison	38, 378	8	17				3		1	
Manitowoe	17, 563								1	
Marinette	13 610		1				3			
Milwaukee	13, 610 457, 147		50		1		17		19	
Oshkosh.	33, 162	16	3				1			
Racine	58, 593	11	12				24		3	
Sheboygan	30, 955		6						i	
Stevens Point	11, 371		1				3			
Stevens Point	39, 624	11	7				16			
Wausau	18,661	11	i		1					
West Allis	13, 765		î							
Wyoming:	20, 100			******						

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

CHOLERA ON VESSEL.

Steamship "van Cloon"-Medan, Sumatra-From China.

During the week ended October 6, 1921, 12 cases of cholera with 4 deaths were reported at Medan, Sumatra, occurring in Chinese arrived on the steamship van Cloon from ports in China.

AUSTRALIA.

Plague - Sydney.

During the period November 30 to December 5, 1921, two cases of plague with one death were reported at Sydney, Australia.

AZORES.

Plague - Fayal - St. Michael.

Plague continues to be reported on the island of St. Michael, Azores. During the three weeks ended November 12, 1921, 24 cases with 18 deaths were reported at Ribeira Grande, a locality situated about nine miles from the port of Ponta Delgada. A total of 63 cases with 30 deaths, all occurring at localities in the vicinity of Ponta Delgada, has been reported for St. Michael Island from August 6 to November 12, 1921. During the week ended September 10, one case was reported at Horta, island of Fayal.

BERMUDA.

Measles epidemic.

An increase in the number of cases of measles was reported in Bermuda during the three weeks ended October 29, 1921, 47 cases being reported for the week ended October 15, 1921, and 70 for the week ended October 22, 1921. On October 29 the disease was declared epidemic.

CHILE.

Epidemic Smallpox-Coronel-Lota.

Epidemic smallpox was reported present in the mining towns of Coronel and Lota, in the vicinity of Concepcion, Chile, during the two weeks ended October 16, 1921.

CUBA.

Communicable Diseases-Habana-Provinces.

Communicable diseases have been notified in Cuba as follows:

Habana.

NOVEMBER 1-10, 1921.

Disease.	New cases.	Deaths.	Remain- ing un- der treat- ment Nov. 10, 1921.
Chicken pox. Ieterus, grave.	1		1221
Leprosy			11 3 42
Smallpox Typhoid fever		3	* 1 * 29

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e d d

⁴ From the interior, 1. ⁵ From the interior, 19; from abroad, 2.

From abroad, 1.
 From abroad.
 From the interior, 29; from abroad, 3.

NOVEMBER 11-20, 1921.

Diphtheria	1	1	
cterus, grave			
Leprosy	********		
Malaria,	39	1	2
Smallpox			
Typhoid fever	4		

1 From the interior, 1.

² From the interior, 31; from abroad, 4.

8 From the interior, 1.

From the interior, 18; from abroad, 3.

Provinces.

			1	New ca	ses rej	ported,	Nov.	1-10, 1	921.		
Province.	Cerobrospinal meningitis.	Chicken pox.	Diphtheria.	Infantile tet- anus.	Malaria.	Measles.	Paratyphoid fever.	Poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis.)	Scarlet fever.	Smallpox.	Typhoid fe-
Camaguey Habana Matanzas Oriente	1	1 2	1	 1 1	22 24 210	4	2 1 1		1 2	70 1	17
Pinar del Rio Santa Clara			7	1	15 5	1	6	4	1	4	6
Total	1	3	8	3	276	5	10	4	4	174	30

HAITI.

Dengue-Port au Prince.1

Dengue continued to be reported unusually prevalent at Port au Prince, Haiti, from September 25 to November 12, 1921.

Public Health Reports, Oct. 14, 1921, p. 2577.

JAMAICA.

Infectious Disease (Alastrim or Kaffir Pox).

New cases of alastrim or Kaffir pox in the island of Jamaica have been reported as follows: Week ended November 5, 1921, 68 new cases; week ended November 12, 1921, 17 new cases.

Typhoid Fever-Kingston and Vicinity.

Typhoid fever has been reported in Kingston and vicinity as follows: Week ended November 5, 1921, Kingston, 3 cases, surrounding country, 23 cases; week ended November 12, 1921, Kingston, 2 cases, surrounding country, 27 cases.

JAVA.

Plague-September, 1921.

Plague was reported present in the six eastern provinces of Java during the month of September, 1921.

MEXICO.

Plague-Infected Rodents - Tampico.

Five plague-infected rodents were reported found at Tampico, Mexico, during the period November 20 to 26, 1921, making a total of 308 infected rodents found at that place from January 1 to November 26, 1921.

PERU.

Plague - October 3-15, 1921.

During the two-week period ended October 15, 1921, there were reported in Peru 22 cases of plague with 13 deaths, occurring in the following-named Departments: Ancachs, Arequipa, Cajamarca, Callao-Lima, Lambayeque, Libertad, and Piura.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER, Reports Received During Week Ended Dec. 9, 1921. CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
IndiaCalcuttaRangoon	Sept. 25-Oct. 8 Oct. 9-15.	15 1	14	Aug. 21-Sept. 3, 1921: Deaths, 29,870.
Java: East Java— Surabaya Philippine Islands:	Sept. 25-Oct. 1	2	2	
Manila	Oct. 9-15	4		
Sumatra: Medan	Sept. 29-Oct. 6	12	4	Chinese arriving on board s. s. van Cloon from Chinese ports.
On vessel: Steamship van Cloon	Sept. 29-Oct. 6	12		At Medan, Sumatra, from Chi- nese ports. Cases among Chi- nese.

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—Continued.

Reports Received During Week Ended Dec. 9, 1921-Continued.

PLAGUE.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Australia: Sydney	Nov. 30-Dec. 5	2	. 1	
St. Michael Island— Ribeira Grande	Oct. 23-Nov. 12	24	18	
Ceylon: Colombo China:	Oct. 9-15		1	One plague rodent.
Egypt	Oct. 16-22			Present. Also rodent plague. Jan. 1-Nov. 3, 1921; Cases, 322;
Cities— Alexandria Suez			1	deaths, 136.
India: Karachi Madras Presidency Rangoon.	Oct. 16-22 Oct. 9-15	199 16	1 121 14	
Java			*********	Sept. 1-30, 1921: Reported present in the six eastern Provinces.
Mesopotamia: Bagdad Mexico:			1	
Tampico				Nov. 20-26, 1921: Five plague-in- fected rodents found.
Peru	Sept. 1-30		4	Oct. 3-15, 1921: Cases, 22; deaths, 13; occurring in departments as follows: Ancachs, Arequipa, Cajamarca, Callao-Lima, Lam- bayeque, Libertad, and Piura.
Turkey: Constantinople	Oct. 16-22	1	1	July 24-30, 1921: One case; omitted from previous reports.

SMALLPOX.

Brazil:				
Sao Paulo	Sept. 26-Oct. 22		3	
Canada:				
New Brunswick-				
Charlotte County	Nov. 13-19	1		
St. Stephen	Nov. 20-26			
Madawaska County				
Ontario-	400. 10-10			1
Montreal	Nov. 20-26	1		
Ottawa	do	6	********	
		0	********	
Saskatchewan— Regina	0-4 48 00			
Kegina	Oct. 16-22	1		
Chile:		-		
Antofagasta				
Concepcion	Oct. 3-15			
Coronel	do	40		Mining town. Epidemic.
Lota	Oct. 9-15			Do.
Talcahuano	Oct. 9-15	1		
Valparaiso	Oct. 2-8		4	
China:			-	
Amov	Oct. 16-22			Present.
Manchuria-				110001111
Harbin	Oct. 17-23	1		
Mukden	Oct. 24-29			Do.
Nanking		*******	*******	Do.
Cuba				
Antilla.	Nov. 13-19			Nov. 1-10, 1910: New cases, 174.
Province-	Nov. 13-19	1		
	N 1 10			
Camaguey				
Habana		-1		
Oriente				
Santa Clara	do	4		
Dominican Republic:				
San Pedro de Macoris		7	1	
Santo Domingo	Oct. 20-Nov. 14	58		In surrounding country.
Great Britain:				
Nottingham	Oct. 9-Nov. 5	5		
India:				
Calcutta	Sept. 25-Oct. 1	. 2	1	
	Oct. 16-22	5	î	

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—Continued.

Reports Received During Week Ended Dec. 9, 1921-Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Deaths	Outbreaks.
3	Outbreaks. Do.
3	Outbreaks.
	Outbreaks. Do.
1	Outbreaks.
	Outbreaks. Do.
	Outbreaks. Do.
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	State of Vera Cruz.
	State of Sinalog.
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	. State of Vera Cruz. In vicinit
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Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921.

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China: Amoy Hongkong	July 3-Sept. 10 Aug. 22-Sept. 24	40	15 11	
Shanghai	Aug. 1-Oct. 8 Aug. 14-29	39	13	In non-Chinese population. Aug. 1-Oct. 16, 1921: Cases among Chinese, 149; bacteriologically
East Prussia— Königsberg	Oct. 10	3	1	verified.

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921-Continued.

CHOLERA—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India				Mar. 6-June 25, 1921; Death
Bombay	May 1-June 18	11	10	Mar. 6-June 25, 1921: Deaths 75,281. July 3-30, 1921: Deaths
Do	June 26-Sept. 24	78		46,999. Aug. 14-20, 1921
Calcutta	May 8-June 25	597		46,999. Aug. 14-20, 1921 Deaths, 19,033. Aug. 31-Sept
Do	June 26-Sept. 24	182	158	13, 1921: Deaths, 46,051.
Karachi	July 10-Oct. 8	153	137	
Madras	May 15-June 25	3		
Do	June 26-Oct. 15 Apr. 24-June 25	14	6	
Rangoon	Apr. 24-June 25	18	17	
Do	June 26-Oct. 1	22	15	-111
ndo-China				Jan. 1-31, 1921: Cases, 80; deaths 15. May 29-June 12, 1921
City—		1		15. May 29-June 12, 1921
Cholon	June 6-12	. 5	4	Cases, 251; deaths, 202.
Saigon	May 9-June 12	65	44	,,,
Do	July 4-Sept. 17	105	96	Disseminated in neighboring
Province—	and a separation	1		Provinces.
Anam	Jan. 1-31	42		In January, 1920: No cases
Cambodia	do	8	2	In January, 1920: No cases. January, 1920: Cases, 27: deaths
Componie			-	14.
Cochin-China	do	18	9	January, 1920: Cases, 13; deaths
Tonkin	do	12	4	January, 1920: No cases.
ava:			1	
West Java-	Sant O Oat C	18	10	
Lebak	Sept. 9-Oct. 6	15	10	
Philippine Islands:	M 00 Y 02			
Manila	May 22-June 25	4		
Do	July 3-Oct. 8	43	5	
Province—				
Batangas	June 12-18	2	1	
Do	July 3-23	7	3	
Cavite	July 10-Aug. 6	2	1	
Cebu	June 26-July 2			
Laguna	June 19-25	1		
Do	July 3-9	1	1	
Mindoro	June 12-18	1	1	
Pampanga	June 5-11	1	1	1.4
Tarlac	June 19-25	1	1	
Union	June 26-Aug. 13	3	1	
o'and				Apr. 24-June 18, 1921: Cases, 5 deaths, 1.
Baranowicze	Aug. 18 July 25			Present.
Bialystok	July 25			Do.
Pinsk	do			Do.
ussia				Jan. 1-Aug. 10, 1921: Cases
Districts—				78,011. City of Moseow, cases,
Astrakan	Jan. 1-Aug. 10	5 139		289.
Black Sea	do			From Jan. 1 to July 13, 1921
Kazan.	do	424		1.718 cases reported in Kubar
Kharkov	Jan. 1-July 13			
	do	1 207		Territory.
Kursk Moscow	Jan. 1-Aug. 10 Jan. 1-July 13	1,227 296		City 100 appear
Moscow	Jan. 1-July 13			City, 192 cases.
Orel	Jan. 1-Aug. 10 Jan. 1-July 13	1,968		
Rjasan	Jan. I-July 13	129		
Samara	Jan. 1-Aug. 10	5, 315		
Saratov	do	7,201		
Simbirsk		1,160		
Tambov	do	2,561		
Tzaritzyn	do	3,028		
Ufa	do	5, 196		*
Voronezh.	do	3,621		
Petrograd	July 6	6		
Republics-				
Basjkir	Jan. 1-Aug. 10	1,038		
Kirghiz	do	5,687		
Tartar	do	1, 178		
Tehuvash	do	233		
	June 1	747		Present on Orenburg-Tashkent
Kostov-on-17on	June 1	141		line, and at Cheijabinsk, Perm, Petropavlosk, Ufa, and in Smolensk and Vitebsk dis-
1		1	1	Smolensk and Vitebsk dis-
				Smolensk and Vitebsk dis- tricts during period under re-

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921-Continued.

CHOLERA-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Russia—Continued.				P. P. 4 . P
SiberiaTerritories—	June t	1,264		Far Eastern Republic.
Azerbeidjan	Jan. 1-Aug. 10	614		
Don	do	2,006		,
Turkestan	do	5, 583		
Ukraine	do			Very prevalent; reports incom- plete.
Siam:				piece.
Bangkok		19	4	
Do Straits Settlements:	June 26-Sept. 17	7	2	
Singapore	June 12-18	1	1	
	PLA	GUE.		
Almeria				July 1-31 1921: Cases 166: in
Algeria	Aug. 1-Oct. 10	2	1	July 1-31, 1921: Cases, 166; in Aumale district.
Aumale district	May 31-July 3	71	22	Native district about 140 kilo- meters from Algiers.
Douar Megnine	May 31-Aug. 24	185	97	meters from Algiers.
Asia Minor:	Sept. 20-Oct. 20	1	2	
Smyrna	June 19-25	1		District.
Australia:	July 3-Oct. 22	5		Do.
New South Wales— Sydney	Sept. 11-Oct. 8			Dead plague-infected rats found
Sydney	Sept. II-Oct. S			on wharves; I rat from vessel from Brisbane. Sept. 19-Oct. 5, 1921: 17 plague rats found in quarantine area. Oct. 26-Nov. 2, 1921: 2 rats found at distance from wharves.
Queensland	Sept. 17-24			Plague rats found, 28.
Brisbane	Aug. 23 Sept. 20		1	Employee in produce store.
Kelvin Grove	Sept. 20	******	1	Office cleaner at Brisbane; 1
Townsville	Sept. 21		. 1	2 plague rats found.
Azores: Faval Island—				
Horta	Sept. 4-10	1		
St. Michael Island				Oct. 2-22, 1921: Cases, 25; deaths,
Capelas	Aug. 6-12	1	1	Oct. 2-22, 1921: Cases, 25; deaths, 13. Occurring in vicinity of Ponta Delgada, at Relva, Ri-
Ribeira Grande	Aug. 6-Oct. 8	38	12	beira Grande, and Santo Anto- nio.
Brazil:				1100.
Bahia	May 15-June 18 July 31-Oct. 1	3	3	
Do	July 31-Oct. 1	4	3	
Maranhao. Pernambuco	June 28	1	î	
Pindobassu	***************************************			Locality 200 miles west of Bahia;
				plague reported epidemic dur- ing August, 1921, with 60 deaths. Sept. 1-30: Epidemic. Epidemic.
Villa Nova	Sept. 11-Oct. 1			Epidemic.
British East Africa: , Kenya Colony—				
Kisumu	Apr. 24-May 21			Present.
Do	June 26-Sept. 24		201	Present in vicinity.
Uganda	Mar. 1-June 30	133	101	Reports of native chiefs show 2,709 deaths during same period.
Do	July 1-31	41	30	Reports of inspectors, deaths, 230; reports of chiefs, deaths, 1,482.
Cape Verde Islands: St. Vincent	Aug. 12-18,	6	3	
Ceylon:	May 8-June 11	2	2	
Colombo	June 26-Oet. 1	7	7	June 26-Oct. 8, 1921: Plague rats,
Chile:				10.
Antofagasta Iquique				Oct. 23-29, 1921: 1 plague rat

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921-Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:				
Amoy	May 15-June 25	7	2	
Ďo	May 15-June 25 July 3-Oct. 15		42	Sept. 11-Oct. 15: Present; als
			1	rodent plague.
Foochow	May 15-21			Present. May 1-7, 1921: Plague rats found
Hongkong	Apr. 24-June 25	81	59	May 1-7, 1921: Plague rats found
Do	June 26-Oct. 1	41	30	
Manchuria—				
Harbin	May 3-22	46		
Ecuador:				
Guayaquil	May 1-June 15	10	1	
Do	July 16-Sept. 30	9	4	Plague rats found: Aug. 1-Sept
				30, 1921, 133.
EgyptCity—				Jan. 1-Oct. 20, 1921: Cases, 312
City—	M - 01 T 01	10	3	deaths, 134.
Alexendria	May 21-June 24			
Do	July 1-Oct. 20	52	13	1
Port Said	June 16-27	18	2 7	
Do	July 1-Sept. 30	9	5	
Suez	May 20-June 30 July 1-Oct. 19	8		l .
Do	July 1-Oct. 19		6	
Province-	Man 91 Tune 16	9	7	
Assiout	May 24-June 16 July 30 July 10	1		
Do	July 30	i		
Beni-SouefGharbieh	June 2-25	7		
	July 9-Sept. 1			
Do Girgeh	July 6-13	5	4	
Minieh	May 28-June 10	2	i	
Do	July 13-Aug. 18	2 7	3	
Greece:	July 10-24ug. 10			
l iræus	Sept. 23	3		
Hawaii:	Sept. 20			
Honokaa				Plague rat found Sept. 8, 1921.
Kalopa	July 15-19	1	1	Tague lat louis sept. o, 1541.
Paauhau	May 21	î		
ndia	May Minimum	-		May 1-June 25, 1921: Cases, 2,093
Bombay	May 1-June 25	287	201	deaths, 1,621. June 26-Sept. 3
Do	June 26-Oct. 1	82	58	1921: Cases, 3,570; deaths, 2,572
Calcutta	May 8-June 18	11	11	1021. Cusco, 6,010, deditio, 2,012
Do	July 24-Aug. 6	23	21	
Central Provinces	Aug. 14-20	27	16	
Karachi	May 8-June 25	18	14	
Do	June 26-Oct. 1	5	5	
Madras	Aug. 20-27	1	1	
Madras Presidency	May 22-June 25	112	72	
Do	June 26-Cct. 15 Apr. 21-June 25 June 26-Oct. 8	1,518	999	
Rangoon	Apr. 21-June 25	162	142	
Ďo	June 26-Oct. 8	550	473	
ndo-China				Jan. 1-31, 1921: Cases, 57; deaths
Saigon	May 23-June 12	4	1	51.
Do	July 10-Oct. 1	23	16	Isolated cases in vicinity of Sai
				gon. Sept. 11-24: Piague rat
				found, 4.
taly:				
Catania	Oct. 21	1		
Napies	S.pt. 4-Oct. 7	5		2 were workers in mill; plague
				infected rat found on premises
ava:				
East Java-				
Surabaya	July 10-Sept. 24	16	14	
ladagascar:	-			_
Tananarive	June 20-July 24	49	46	Pneumonia.
fauritius:				
Port Louis	Aug. 24			Present.
lesopotamia:				*
Bagdad	Apr. 1-May 31	32	35	
Do	July 1-31	1	1	
fexico:				
Ciudad Victoria	June 7	1		In State of Tamaulipas. Case
				confirmed June 20, 1921.
Progreso				confirmed June 20, 1921. Plague rat reported found Sept
Tampico	June 11-30	36		10, 1921.
	V 4 4 404	21	8	Infected rodents found July 1-
Do	July 1-Aug. 21	21	0	Nov. 19, 1921, 192. Total, Jan

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921-Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Morocco:				
Spanish Zone				Reported present in epidemic
Peru			1	Mor 1 Apr 20 1921. Cases 110:
J CIU				deaths, 64. June 1-30, 1921:
				form Sept. 22, 1921. Mar. 1-Apr. 30, 1921: Cases, 119; deaths, 54. June 1-30, 1921: Cases, 14; deaths, 10. July 1-15, 1921: Cases, 9; deaths, 3. Sept. 1-30, 1921: Cases, 45; deaths, 22,
-				1-30, 1921: Cases, 45; deaths, 22,
Department— Ancachs	Apr. 1-30	4	1	At Huarmey.
Arequipa	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	. 5	3	At Mollendo.
Do	July 1-15	2		Do.
Cajamarca	Sept. 1-30	********		Present. At Bambamarca, Caja- marca, and other localities.
Callao	Mar. 1-June 30	16	1	At Callao.
Do	July 1-Sept. 30	6	3	Do.
Lambayeque Do	Mar. 1-Apr. 30 Sept. 1-30	3 2	2	At Chiclayo. Do.
Libertad	Mar. 1-June 15	31	15	In 5 localities.
Do	Sept. 1-30 Mar. 1-June 30	3		At San Pedro.
Lima	Mar. 1-June 30	43	23	At Lima City: Cases, 28; deaths, 18.
Do	July 1-Sept. 15		3	At Lima City.
Do	Sept. 1-30	16	4	At Huacho: Cases, 9; deaths, 1.
		i		Lima City: Cases, 2; deaths, 1. Country: Cases, 5; deaths, 2.
Fiura	Mar. 1-June 15	31	29	In 4 localities.
Do	Sept. 1-15 Sept. 1-30	19	15 17	Deaths occurred at Sechura. At Sechura.
Poland	серь. 1-30		1.	In border province, Aug. 9, 1921:
Beste Dies				Cases, S.
Porto Rico				Total plague-infected rats found from beginning of outbreak to
				July 9, 1121, 90. Sept. 4-24, 1921: Two plague- infected rats found.
Caguas	Aug. 7-20	4	2	Sept. 4-24, 1921: Two plague-
Fajardo				Aug. 28-Sept. 3, 1921: One plague-
				infected rat found.
Manati	July 17-23 July 3-9	1	1	Suburb coextensive with San-
				turee.
San Juan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Plague rat on steamship San
				Luis, in San Juan Harbor, Sept. 9, 1921.
Portugal:	Indu 00 Cant 0	7		-
Lisbon	July 29-Sept. 3		********	
Angola—				
Loanda	Apr. 24-June 18 July 17-23	16		
Rhodes (Island)	Sept. 20-Oct. 8	7	1	1 fatal case reported late in
				August, 1921.
Russia: Siberia—				
Vladivostok	Apr. 1-June 30 July 1-31		252	First case occurred Apr. 10, 1921,
Senegal: Do	July 1-31		4	Acres de la constitución de la c
Dakar	May 1-June 30	54	47	
Do	July 1-Aug. 31	117	93	
Siam: Bangkok	Apr. 24-June 18	7	6	
Do	July 24-Sept. 3	16	12	
Straits Settlements: Singapore	May 8-June 18	5	5	111
Do.	June 26-Sept. 24	6	6	
Syria:		18	4	
Alexandretta Beirut	May 31-June 30	2	•	
Do	July 10-Aug. 6 May 31-June 30 July 1-Oct. 8	24		
Furkey: Constantinople	July 10-Oct. 13	6	4	9.
Union of South Africa	July 10-Oct. 13			January-April, 1921: Coses
				January-April, 1921: Cases (white), 6; deaths, 4. Cases (native), 13; deaths, 6. Occur- ring in the Orange Free State.

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921-Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
On vessels				Plague rats reported, Sept. 21, 1921, on vessels from Brisbane Australia, at Sydney and other
Steamship Kishenev	May 2	1		ports. At Chefoo, China. Plague death en route. Vessel sent to quarantine, Kentucky Island, where to May 6 a total of 16 deaths was reported. (Public Health Reports, July 1, 1921, p. 1534.)
Steamship Oreland				from La Plata, Argentina. Two fatal cases plague in crew
Steamship Ralph Moller	June 8	•	1	en route. At Chefoo, China, from Vladivos- tok, Siberia. Three fatal cases en route. One case with fatal termination removed at Vladi-
Steamship San Luis	Sept. 9			vostok. In harbor, San Juan, Porto Rico,
Steamship Tenyo Maru				In harbor, San Juan, Porto Rico, Sept. 9, 1921: 1 plague rat. En route between Nagasaki and Kobe, Japan, June 28, 1921: 1 fatal case.
	SMAL	LPOX.	•	,
AlgeriaDepartment—				July 1-31, 1921: Cases, 156.
Algiers	May 1-June 30	3		
Constantine	July 1-31do	153 2		
Oran	do	1		Sept. 1-10: One case.
Asia Minor: Smyrna Do	May 22-28. July 21-Oct. 8	1 2		On the steamship Nicholas, District.
Victoria— Geelong	May 5-16	2		Mild.
Do	July 12-29	2		
Melbourne Do	Apr. 9-23 July 17-23	4	1	Mild epidemic. Slight epidemic reported.
Bolivia: La Paz	Apr. 1-30	5	4	
Brazil: Bahia	Sept. 25-Oct. 1	2		
Pernambuco	Mar. 28-May 22	28	4	
Rio de Janeiro	May 8-June 18	1133	32	
Sao Paulo	June 26–Oct. 22 May 23–June 26	7	2	
British East Africa:	June 27-Sept. 25	16	2	
Kenya Colony— Zanzibar	May 8-14	. 12	4	Origin, India.
Bulgaria:	Aug. 1-31	14	6	Districts and towns.
Sofia Canada: Alberta—	May 15-31	. 6		
Calgary British Columbia—	May 26-June 18	3		
Vancouver Do Manitoba—	May 28-June 25 Oct. 30-Nov. 5	8	••••••	
Winnipeg Do	June 26-Oct. 29	6 15	1	
New Brunswick— Charlotte County	July 10-Nov. 5	12		
Madawaska County	Aug. 7-Nov. 12	8		
Restigouche County	June 19-25	1	*********	
St. Stephen	Oet. 23-Nov. 5	3		
Westmoreland County. Nova Scotia— Sydney	June 26-July 2 June 5-18	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

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Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Canada—Continued.				
Ontario-				
Cornwall	Nov. 15-21	14		
Fort William and Port Arthur.	Aug. 7-27	2		
Do	Oct. 16-22	2		
Hamilton	June 12-18	3		
Do	July 3-9	1		At Oleanlities in mishely Oceans
Kingston	June 5-11	1 2		. At 2 localities in vicinity, 2 cases
Montreal	June 12-18	i		
·Do	July 17-Oct. 29	6		
North Bay	June 12-25	3		
Do	June 26-July 9	2		
Ottawa	June 12–25 June 26–Nov. 19	21		
Do	Aug. 28-Nov. 5	42		-
Toronto	Aug. 28-Nov. 5	4		
Moose Jaw	Sept. 4-Oct. 15	3		
Saskatoon	Sept. 26-Oct. 17	12		
Chile:	Man 10 Toma 10	-		
Antofagasta	May 16-June 19 May 31	228	106	
Concepcion	Fer t. 5-19	3	********	Reported present in Chillan and
Concepcion				Mulchen.
Meiillones	May 30-June 5			Present: also at interior nitrate
Talcahuano	Fert. 1-30	2	1	plants.
Valparaiso	June 26-Oct. 21		49	
China:	Man & Tune 4			Toma * 05. Present
Amoy Do	May 8-June 4 June 26-Oct. 8		3	June 5-25: Present. Fept. 11-Oct. 15: Present.
Antung	May 16-June 26	12	2	rept. II-Oct. 15. Tiesche.
Canton	Apr. 1-30			Present.
Chungking	May 1-June 25			Do.
Do	June 26-Oct. 8			Do.
Foochow	May 8-June 25			Do.
Do	June 26-Oct. 15			Do.
Hankow	May 15-21 July 10-16	4		
Hongkong	Apr. 24-June 25	99	84	
Do	July 24-Aug. 20			
Manchuria—				
Dairen	May 9-June 26	44	5	
Do	June 27-Oct. 9	. 9	3	
Harbin	May 16-June 13	5		
Mukden	May 22-June 11	- 2	**********	Present.
Do	July 3-Aug. 20			Do.
Nanking	June 27-July 10 May 22-June 11 July 3-Aug. 20 May 8-June 25			Do.
Do				Do.
Shanghai	June 20-26	1	1	In International Settlement.
Do	July 3-Oct. 8 May 8-June 25	6	1	Do.
Tientsin	June 26-Aug. 20	31 9	1	Mission hospital.
Tsingtau.	May 9-June 12	4	i	
Do	July 25-31	i		
Chosen (Korea):		-		
Chemulpo	May 1-June 30	11	3	
	do	12	3	
	do	5	2	
Seoul		3	********	
Santa Marta	June 5-25			Present.
Do	June 26-Aug. 27			Do.
Cuba				Oct. 11-20, 1921: Cases, 198. Oct.
Antilla	June 5-25	-7		21-31, 1921: Cases, 214.
Cienfrage	June 26-Nov. 12 June 26-Sept. 3	74	*******	
Cienfuegos	June 26-Sept. 3 June 12-18	3	1	
Do.	July 3-31	4	2	
Nuovitas.	July 4-Nov. 6	17		6 of those reported found in
Freston	Oct. 2-15	4		vicinity.
antiago	June 1-30	.28	2	
Do	Ju y 1-Oct. 31	60	1	

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921-Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Dominican Republic				In eastern Provinces, Aug. 25, 1921, 2,000 cases, estimated.
La Ramona San Pedro de Macoris	Aug. 25 Aug. 19-Oct. 29	58	7	On sugar estates in same Prov-
				ince, about 400 cases, Aug. 19– 25. Estimated 500 cases in the District of Macoris, 50 of which
Santo Domingo Ecuador:	Sept. 1-Oet. 19	34		were within city limits. Present in surrounding country.
Eloy AlfaroGuayaquil	May 1-June 30	1 31		
Egypt: Cairo.	July 1-Oct. 15 Mar. 19-Apr. 29	32	1	
Port Said Finland France:	Apr. 2-May 20 May 1-15	10		
Brest Cherbourg	May 22-June 4 Aug. 1-31	18		Varioloid.
Paris Rouen Germany	July 22–31 May 1–29	2	1	Ann 04 Mars 00 1001, Casas 10
			,	Apr. 24-May 28, 1921: Cases, 12. Additional, Apr. 17-May 7, 1921: Cases, 57; deaths, 7.
Great Britain: Nottingham Do	May 29-June 4 July 3-Sept. 24	1 56		
Queenstown Southampton	July 3-9. June 26-July 2	1	**********	Stated Aug. 17 to be epidemic and to have begun about 2 months previous to date; 57
Greece: Saloniki	June 6-12		1	cases reported.
Haiti: Cape Haitien	June 19-25 June 26-Oct. 22	24	2 20	
Port au Prince India	Sept. 11-Oct. 29	226	20	Present. Mar. 20-May 21, 1921: Deaths,
Bombay Do Calcutta	May 1-June 25 June 26-Oct. 1 May 8-June 25	84 69 8	50 45 8	Mar. 29-May 21, 1921: Deaths, 3,232. June 5-25, 1921: Deaths, 958. July 3-9, 1921: Deaths, 368. July 24-30, 1921, 118 deaths. Aug. 14-20, 1921: Deaths, 56.
Do Karachi.	June 26 Sept. 10 May 29-June 25	9 25	7	Aug. 14-20, 1921: Deaths, 56.
Do Madras Do.	June 26-July 30 May 8-June 25 June 26-Oct 15	8 33 98	11 49	
Rangoon	June 26-Oct. 15 Apr. 24-June 4 July 10-Aug. 13	20	3	
Indo-ChinaCity— Saigon	May 9-15	2	1	Jan. 1-31, 1921; Cases, 102; deaths, 15.
Province-	Aug. 21-Sept. 24	2	2	
Anam	1	35 21	3	January, 1920: Cases, 16; deaths, 3. January, 1920: Cases, 139; deaths, 54.
Cochin China Tonkin	do	19 27	12	January, 1920: Cases, 8; deaths, 1. January, 1920: Cases, 224; deaths, 43.
taly: Catania				Province: June 6-20, 1921:
Do Genoa	July 18-Aug. 14 Apr. 1-May 31			Cases, 5. In Province: Cases, 7.
Do Messina	July 4-10 May 23-June 26	2 2	1	
Palermo Milan	July 11-17 May 18-June 21 Apr. 1-30	7 2	1	In Province: July 4-17, 1921: Cases, 9.
apan:	June 29-July 19	3		
Kobe Nagasaki Taiwan Island	May 24-June 26 May 23-June 26 July 1-10	6	1	

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921-Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Java:				1 - 1
East Java-				
Surabaya	June 19-25	. 2		
Do	July 10-Aug. 20	10	. 1	
West Java—				
Bandoeng	May 27-June 3	1		
Do	July 8-21	1		
Batavia	May 6-June 23	17	15	
Do	July 1-Oct. 6	110	43	
Buitenzorg	Apr. 29-June 23	16		
Do	July 22-Oct. 6	50	11	
Garoet	May 6-12	1		
Do Krawang	Apr 20 Turno 20	33	5	
Do	May 6-12. July 8-Aug. 4. Apr. 29-June 30. July 22-Sept. 22.	16	1	
Lebak	Apr. 29-May 26	12	2	
Pandeglang	Tune 3.30	2	i	
Do	June 3-30	ī	î	
Tangerang.	Sept. 16-Oct. 6	7		
Soekaboemi	Sept. 9-15	i		
Jugoslavia	-cpe - 10			Mar 14-May 13 1991 Casas 331
ago a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a		*******		Mar. 14-May 13, 1921: Cases, 334 deaths, 83. June 27-July 10
				1921: Cases, 111; deaths, 27.
Mesopotamia:				aver, cusco, iri, death, en
Bagdad	Apr. 1-May 31	3	1	
Do	Aug. 1-31	20	4	
Mexico:				
Chihuahua	May 23-June 27		3	
Do	Oct. 3-30		5	
Guadalajara				
Do	July 1-Sept. 30	13	3	
Mexico City	May 15-June 25	246		Including municipalities in Fed-
				era! District.
Do	June 26-Oct. 23	270		Do.
San Luis Potosi	July 17-Oct. 15		3	
Tampico	July 11-20	1		
Torreon	Sept. 1-30	2		
. Vera Cruz	June 13-19	*******	1	
Do	July 11-Sept. 11		3	
Newfoundland:	A 00 00			
Tilton	Aug. 20-26	3		Jan. 1-Sept. 19, 1921; Cases, 208,
Canal Zone	Apr. 1-May 31	2		of which 33 were nonresidents.
Colon	Jan. 1-May 31	111	********	Sent 20-Oct 20 1021: Cases 3:
Colon	Jun. 1-May 31,	111		Sept. 20-Oct. 30, 1921: Cases, 3; 1 from Taboga Island, 2 from
				interior of Panama.
Do	Aug 30	1		From the interior.
Panama	Aug. 30 Feb. 1-June 30	54		Sept. 4-19; 1 from interior.
Do	July 1-Sept. 19	4		Sept. 1-10, 1 nom micros.
	r cope		********	Mar. 1-Apr. 30, 1921: Cases, 1,117,
District—				deaths, 142. Apr. 24-May 21.
Bialystok	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	3		1921: Cases, 677: deaths, 148,
Cracovia	do	56	6	deaths, 142. Apr. 24-May 21, 1921: Cases, 677; deaths, 148. May 22-June 18, 1921: Cases: 404; deaths, 74. June 19-July 16, 1921: Cases: 334; deaths, 38; statistics for Brest-Litovsk,
Kielce	do	180	26	404; deaths, 74. June 19-July
Leopol	do	52	16	16, 1921: Cases, 334; deaths,
Lodz	do	72	9	38; statistics for Brest-Litovsk,
Lublin	do	397	30	Minsk, and Vilna not included
Cracovia Kielce. Leopol. Lodz. Lublin Posen Silesia. Stanislawow Tarnopol. Warsaw.	do	26	2	
Silesia	do	10		In Teschen.
Stanislawow	do	30	5	
Tarnopol	do	156	31	
		36	4	
Warsaw City	do	90	13	
'ortugal:				
Lisbon	May 15-June 25		34	
Do	June 26-Oct. 1	46	5	
Oporto	June 19-25	1		
Do	Sept. 11-Oct. 29	3		
ortuguese East Africa:				
	May 8-28	8		
Do	July 10-Sept. 10	14	4	
Rumania:				
District—				
Hotin	Apr. 1-30	40	9	and the same of th
Orthei	Mar. 1-31	2		

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921—Continued.

		1-	-	
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Russia:				
Province— Esthonia	Apr. 1-June 30	n		
Do	July 1-Sent 30	55		
Latvia	Apr. 1-May 31	41		
Do	July 1-Aug. 31	38		
Siberia-	1	1	1	
Vladivostok	June 1-30	1		
Berbia				Mar. 24-May 21: Cases, 203
Belgrade	Aug. 7-20	2	1	deaths, 41.
Senegal:	W 1 01		1 .	
Dakar	May 1-31	1	1	
Spain: Barcelona	May 12 Tune 22		13	•
Do Do	May 12-June 22 July 7-Oet. 19 July 1-Aug. 31		13	
Huelya	July 1-Aug. 31	*******	3	
Madrid	Jane 1-30	1 2		
Do	Aug. 1-31 May 1-June 30 July 1-Aug. 31		1	i .
Malaga	May 1-June 30		57	
Do	July 1-Aug. 31		57	
Seville	Oct. 19-Nov. 1	1 1	1	ĺ
Tarragona	May 9-15 May 22-28		1	1
Valencia	May 22-28	1		
Do Straits Settlements:	July 2-Aug. 20	9	2	
Singapore	June 12-18			
De	July 10-Oct. 1	21	7	
Switzerland:	July 10 Oct. 2	-1		
Basel	Sept. 11-Oct. 1			
Zurich	May 28-June 11 July 3-Sept. 2	10		
Do	July 3-Sept. 2	4		
Syria:				
Aleppo	Apr. 9-16		1	Present.
Beirut	May 10-30	1		
Do	Aug. 8-14	1	1	
	Man 20 June 17	2	3	
Tunis	May 30-June 17 July 2-Oct. 21	15	12	
Do Turkey:	July 2-Oct. 21	19	12	
Constantinople	June 12-25	5		
Do	June 26-Oct. 15	12	1	
Inion of South Africa				January - April, 1921: Case (white), 18; deaths, 1. Case (native), 192; deaths, 5. May
				(white), 18; deaths, 1. Case
				(native), 192; deaths, 5. May
				1-31, 1921: Cases, 6a; deaths, 3
				Cases 64 of which 1 white
				Inly 1-31 1921: Nativas-
				1-31, 1921: Cases, 65; deaths, 3 all natives. June 1-30, 1921 Cases, 64, of which 1 which July 1-31, 1921: Natives— Cases, 129; deaths, 2. White—
				1 case. Aug. 28-Sept. 3, out
				1 case. Aug. 28-Sept. 3, out breaks in Cape Province Orange Free State, and Trans
				Orange Free State, and Trans
				vaal. Aug. 1-31, 1921; Cases
				79; deaths, 1.
Cape Province	Apr. 24–June 25 July 1–Aug. 27			Fresh outbreaks.
Do	July 1-Aug. 27	118		Aug. 27-Sept. 27: Outbreaks.
Natal	Apr. 24-June 25			Fresh outbreaks.
Do	July 1-Aug. 27	1		Sept. 4-10: Outbreaks.
Durban	Aug. 1-21	3		Stated to have been imported.
				Outbreaks.
Orange Free State	Aug. 7-27 May 29-June 25			
Do	May 29-June 25 Aug. 21-Sept. 17		10	Present.
Do Southern Rhodesia	May 29-June 25 Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31	52	19	
Do	May 29-June 25 Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18		19	Do.
Southern Rhodesia Transvaal.	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31	52 11	19	
Do Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do Johannesburg	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31do	11 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks.
Do Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do Johannesburg Do	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31		19	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District.
Do Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do Johannesburg Do	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31do	11 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District.
Do Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do Johannesburg Do Do vessels:	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31do	11 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District.
Do Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do Johannesburg Do Do vessels:	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31do	11 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Rio
Do Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do Johannesburg Do Do vessels:	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31do	11 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Rio
Do. Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do. Johannesburg. Do. Do vessels: Steamship Craster Hall	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31 do Sept. 1-10	11 2 32	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Ridde Janeiro, and Barbados. One case in crew removed at Barbados. Sept. 28, 1921.
Do Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do Johannesburg Do Do vessels:	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31do	11 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, and Barbados, One case in crew removed at Barbados, Sept. 28, 1921. At Batayla Jaya from Singa,
Do. Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do. Johannesburg. Do. Do vessels: Steamship Craster Hall	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31 do Sept. 1-10	11 2 32	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, and Barbados, One case in crew removed at Barbados, Sept. 28, 1921. At Batayla Jaya from Singa,
Do. Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do. Johannesburg Do. Southern Rhodesia Johannesburg Do. Steamship Craster Hall	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31 do Sept. 1-10	11 2 32	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, and Barbados, One case in crew removed at Barbados, Sept. 28, 1921. At Batayla Jaya from Singa,
Do Southern Rhodesia Transyaal Do Johannesburg Do On vessels: Steamship Craster Hall Steamship Montoro	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31 do Sept. 1-10	11 2 32 32	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, and Barbados, One case in crew removed at Barbados, Sept. 28, 1921. At Batavia, Java, from Singapore, Aug. 27. Vessel proceeded from Batavia to Port Darwin and Townsyille.
Do. Southern Rhodesia Transvaal Do. Johannesburg. Do. Do vessels: Steamship Craster Hall	Aug. 21-Sept. 17 July 14-Aug. 31 May 22-June 18 July 1-31 do Sept. 1-10	11 2 32	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Do. Aug. 27-Sept. 17: Outbreaks. District. Arrived Mobile, Ala., Oct. 8, 1921, from Buenos Aires, Ric de Janeiro, and Barbados One case in crew removed at Barbados, Sept. 28, 1921. At Batayia, Jaya from Singa, At Batayia, Jaya from Singa.

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921—Continued. TYPHUS FEVER.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Algeria				July 1-31, 1921: Cases, 528,
Department-				
Algiers	May 1-June 30 July 1-31	109	25	
Do	July 1-31	146		
Constantine	do	251		
Military Division	do	3	**********	
Oran	May 22-June 30 July 1-31	35	28	
Do	July 1-31	39		
Oran (City)	Oct. 11-31	2	1	
Oran (City) Southern Territory Asia Minor:	July 1-31	89	•••••	The secondary limit I
Smyrna	June 12-18 Aug. 28-Oct. 22	1		In district.
Do	Aug. 28-Oct. 22	3		Do.
Bolivia:				
La Paz Do	Apr. 1-June 30 July 1-31	50 19	51 3	-(1141)
Brazil:				- 1
Bahia	June 19-25	1	1	
Do	Aug. 7-13	1	1	
Porto Alegre	June 19-25		3	
Do	Aug. 7-13		1	
Canary Islands:				
Teneriffe	Aug. 14-Sept. 10		2	
Concepcion	Apr. 12-June 20 July 12-Oct. 2		8 17	July 25-Aug. 20, 1921; In hospital, 30 cases; in city, estimated, 100 cases.
Los Angeles	July 26-Aug. 8			Prevalent.
Talcahuano	Sept. 1-30	1	1	
Valparaiso	Sept. 1-30. Mar. 27-May 28		4	
Do	June 26-Oct. 22		6	
Antung	May 30-June 5	1		From report of Japanese Settle-
Do	June 27-Oct 23	18	*********	ment and Danish Mission
Hankow	June 27-Oct. 23 May 22-June 11	3		among Chinese.
Harbin Do	May 23-29	1	******	
Chosen (Korea):				
Chemulpo	June 1-30	2		
Fusan	May 1-31 May 1-June 30	1		
Gensan	May 1-June 30	4		
Seoul	May 1-31	i		
Cuba:	may			
Matanzas Czechoslovakia:	Oct. 4-10	1		
Prague	June 5-26	5	2	
Egypt: Alexandria	May 21-June 23	21	8	
Do	June 24 Oct 14	49	20	
	June 24-Oct. 14 Mar. 18-June 24	235	102	
Cairo	Tomo 91 Cont 9	86	51	
Do	June 24-Sept. 9	8	2	
Port Said	Apr. 2-May 13 May 1-15	5	-	
FinlandGermany	May 27-June 4	1	••••••	Apr. 24-June 4, 1921: Cases, 7.
Hamburg Great Britain:	May 29-June 4	1	******	
Dublin Do	Oct. 9-15	î	*********	*
Greece:	May 23-June 26	21		
Saloniki			2	
Do	June 27-Oct. 16	2	-	
Guatemala: Guatemala City Hungary	July 1-Sept. 30		2	Jan. 1-July 13, 1921: Cases, 71
				occurring in 4 counties.
Italy: Messina (Province) Japan:	Aug. 29-Sept. 4	2	*********	In 2 localities.
Nagasaki	May 23-June 5	7	2	Jan. 33-May 14, 1921; Cases, 286 deaths, 40. June 27-July 10, 1921; Cases, 23; deaths, 7.
Belgrade	May 1-14	6		deaths, 40. June 27-July 10,
Zagreb	June 19-25	3		1921: Cases, 23; deaths, 7.
Do	July 10-Sept. 3	37	4	
Mesopotamia:	and an orbit atten	-		
Bagdad	May 1-31	1	3	The second secon

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921—Continued. TYPHUS FEVER—Continued.

Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
May 15-June 25	102		Including municipalities in Fed
June 26-Oct. 22	231		eral District.
Duly 21 Nov. 5		1	Present.
July 31-Nov. 3	*******		
			Reported present in epidemis form Sept. 29, 1921. Mar. 1-Apr. 30, 1921: Cases 11,489; deaths, 1,131. Apr. 24-May 21, 1921: Cases, 5,460 deaths, 499. May 22-June 18 1921: Cases, 3,300; deaths, 299 June 19-July 16, 1921: Cases 1,500; deaths, 96; statistics for Brest-Litovsk, Minsk, and Vilna not included.
			form Sept. 29, 1921. Mar. 1-Apr. 30, 1921; Cases
			11.489; deaths, 1.131. Apr. 24-
Mar. 1-Apr. 30	853	45	May 21, 1921: Cases, 5,460
do	603	90	deaths, 489. May 22-June 18
do	848		1921: Cases, 3,300; deaths, 209
do	2,508		June 19-July 16, 1921: Cases
do	1 446		Brost-Litovsk Minek and
do	77		Vilna not included.
do	26		In Teschen.
do	1,557		
do	1,855	194	
do	972		
do	223	29	
Apr. 1-30	107	10	
Apr. 1-June 30	89		
July 1-31	11		District.
Mar. 1-May 30	140		
Apr. 1-June 30	113		
July 1-Sept. 30			
Apr. 1-June 30	599		
July 1-Aug. 31	115		
Sept. 8-15	2		
Mar. 1-June 30	5	3	
July 1-Aug. 31	22	3	M 04 M 01 1001. Care 20
	******		Mar. 24-May 21, 1921: Cases, 70, deaths, 7.
May 1-June 30			
July 1-Sept. 30		4	
Man 20 June 10			
Sent 5-Oct 8	1		
Dept. o Oct. o			
June 11-17		3	
		2	
May 22-June 18	11		
June 26-Oct. 15	54	2	T A 1001: Cores
			(white) 31: deaths 2 Cases
			(variya) 3 376; donths 437;
			June 1-30. 1921: Cases. 738:
		1	deaths, 66. July 1-31, 1921;
			Natives-cases, 868; deaths, 121.
			White-cases, 15; deaths, 2.
			Orange Free State and Natal:
			Cases, 25; deaths, 10. Aug.
		1	1-31, 1921: Cases, 850; deaths, 83
		1	colored cases \$33; deaths, 7, and
			Apr. 24-June 25, 1921: Outbreaks.
			May 1-31, 1921: Cases, 542;
			deaths, 51. July 1-31, 1921:
			January - April, 1921: Cases (white), 34; deaths, 2. Cases (native), 3,376; deaths, 437; June 1-30, 1921: Cases, 738; deaths, 66. July 1-31, 1921: Natives—cases, 568; deaths, 12. White—cases, 15; deaths, 12. Orange Free State and Natal: Cases, 25; deaths, 10. Aug. 1-31, 1921: Cases, 560; deaths, 83 (white cases, 17; deaths, 4; and colored cases, 833; deaths, 79). Apr. 24-June 25, 1921: Outbreaks, May 1-31, 1921: Cases, 542; deaths, 51. July 1-31, 1921: Cases, 883; deaths, 128. Aug. 28-Oct. 1: Outbreaks, At native cantonment in vicin-
May 12-10	10		At native cantonment in vicin-
May 13-19 May 22-June 18	10	1	ity.
may se suite 10	1		My.
Aug. 21-27			
Aug. 21-27	7		
Aug. 21-27 Aug. 7-20	7		Outbreaks.
Aug. 21-27 Aug. 7-20 July 10-Oct. 1			Outbreaks. Apr. 24-May 28, 1921: Outbreaks.
Aug. 21-27 Aug. 7-20 July 10-Oct. 1			Outbreaks. Apr. 24-May 28, 1921: Outbreaks. Outbreaks.
	June 26-Oct, 22. Oct, 2-8. July 31-Nov. 5. Mar. 1-Apr. 30. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do	June 26-Oct. 22. 231 Oct. 2-8. July 31-Nov. 5	June 26-Oct. 22 231 Oct. 2-8. 1 July 31-Nov. 5 1 Mar. 1-Apr. 30 833 45 do. 603 90 do. 848 62 do. 2, 508 277 do. 521 53 do. 1, 446 83 do. 77 5 do. 1, 557 232 do. 1, 557 232 do. 1, 557 232 do. 1, 557 232 July 12-Oct. 29 3 Apr. 1-30. 107 10 Apr. 1-June 30 89 July 1-31 11 Mar. 1-May 30 146 Apr. 1-June 30 199 Apr. 1-June 30 59 July 1-Aug. 31 115 Sept. 8-15 2 Mar. 1-June 30 59 July 1-Aug. 31 22 3 May 1-June 30 5 July 1-Sept. 30 79 Apr. 1-June 30 59 July 1-Sept. 30 79 Apr. 1-June 30 599 July 1-Aug. 31 115 Sept. 8-15 2 Mar. 1-June 30 59 July 1-Sept. 30 79 Apr. 1-June 30 59 July 1-Aug. 31 115 Apr. 1-June 30 59 July 1-Aug. 31 115 Apr. 1-June 30 59 July 1-Aug. 31 115 Apr. 1-June 30 59 Apr. 1-Ju

Reports Received from July 2 to Dec. 2, 1921—Continued. TYPHUS FEVER—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Venezuela: Maracaibo	June 21-27		. 1	
On vessel: Steamship Norden	Aug. 18	1		At Marcus Hook Quarantine, Pa., from Tampico, Mexico, via Nuevitas, Cuba.
	YELLOW	PEVE	R.	
British Honduras:		-		
BelizeStann Creek	Aug. 22-Oct. 1 Nov. 13	17	6	30 miles from Belize.
Mexico:		10		
Alamo Do	June 1-30 July 10	10	1	State of Vera Cruz.
Barra de Penn.	July 17-23	i	i	Do.
Casamaloapam	do	3	1	Do. "
El Dorado	Oct. 7			Present. Sept. 25-Oct. 2, 1921, deaths, 40. Oct. 2, deaths, 5.
Manzanillo	****************	******		June 1-Sept. 30, 1921; Cases, 19; deaths, 10.
Do	Oct. 9-15	1		Oct. 7: Present.
MazatlanPlaya Obispo	do	1		Present. Territory of Quintana Roo.
Tampico.	Aug. 23 July 11-17	3	2	State of Tamaulinas.
Tierra Blanca	Sept. 19	i		State of Tamaulipas. Case arrived at Vera Cruz on steamship Monterey, which sailed from Progreso, Mexico.
Tlacotalpan	Sept. 25			Present.
Tuxpam	July 25-Oct. 14	2	1	State of Vera Cruz. Oct. 15: Several cases present in vicinity.
Vera Cruz	June 13-27	7		Do.
Do	July 25-Sept. 25	6	4	Do.
Zapotal	July 14	1	1	Do.
Peru Department— Callao—				Mar. I-Apr. 30, 1921: Cases, 172; deaths, 57. June 1-30, 1921: Cases, 25; deaths, 13. July 1- 15, 1921: Cases, 2.
Callao Lambayeque—	Apr. 1-30	- 1		15, 1921: Cases, 2. At quarantine station. From Chiclayo.
Chiclayo	Mar. 1-June 15	47	18	11
Chongellape	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	12	3	
Ferrenafe	Mar. 1-31	5	1	
Jayanea Lambayeque	Mar. 1-Apr. 20	20	2 7	
Monsefu	Apr. 1-30 Mar. 1-Apr. 30 Mar. 1-June 15	20	9	
Motupe	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	46	12	
Olmos	Apr. 1-30 June 1-15	2	4	
Pacora	June 1-15	1		
Pomalca	Mar. 1-31	5	1	
Villa EtenZana	Mar. 1-Apr. 30 Apr. 1-30	7	1	
Libertad— Casa Grande	June 1-15	1		On farm.
Guadalupe	Apr. 1-30	2		VII III III
Monteseco	July 16-31	1		
Pacanga	June 1-30 July 1-15	2	2	
Pacasmayo	July 1-15	1		
Paijan	June 1-30	13	7	
Pueblo Nuevo	July 1-15 Apr. 1-30	1		
Trujillo	Apr. 1-June 15	2	2	Country.
On vessels: Eurge J. S. McGaughy	Oct. 6	1		At quarantine station, Pensa-
				cola, Fla., from Tampico, Mexico, Sept. 30.
Steamship Lurline	Aug. 13-27	. 2	. 1	At Mazatlan, Mexico, from Man- zanillo, Mexico (Public Health Reports, Sept. 16, 1921, p. 2292).
Steamship Monterey	Sept. 18	1		zanillo, Mexico (Public Health Reports, Sept. 16, 1921, p. 2292). At Vera Cruz: vesses sailed from Progreso, Mexico, Sept. 15, 1921. Patient went to Tierra Blanca.
Steamship Saramacca	Nov. 12.	1	1	At New Orleans, La., from
	Aug. 29	1		At New Orleans, La., from Belize, British Honduras. At Mazatlan, Mexico.